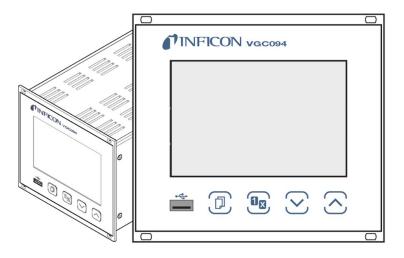


# **Total Pressure Gauge Controller**

VGC094



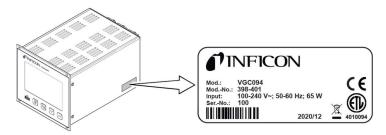


tinb68e1 (2021-11)



## **Product Identification**

In all communications with INFICON, please specify the information on the product nameplate.



Specimen nameplate

## **Validity**

This document applies to products with part number:

398-401 (VGC094)

The part number (Mod.-No) can be found on the product nameplate.

This manual is based on firmware version V1.30.

If your unit does not work as described in this document, please check that it is equipped with the above firmware version ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  49).

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.

All dimensions are indicated in mm.

### **Intended Use**

Depending on the options chosen, the VGC094 can measure total pressure from atmosphere to 10<sup>-11</sup> mbar. It can trigger a number of pressure-dependent functions to control and monitor vacuum devices and processes. The instructions contained in this document must be strictly followed.

## **Scope of Delivery**

The scope of delivery consists of the following parts:

- 1 Control Unit
- 1 Power cord
- 1 Accessories kit
  - 4 collar screws and synthetic nipple
  - 1 rubber strip
  - 2 self-adhesive rubber feet
  - 4 banana plugs, 2 mm, red
  - 4 banana plugs, 2 mm, black
  - 1 screwdriver, 2 mm
- 1 Installation Manual
- 1 CD ROM (manuals, tools, ...)
- 1 EU Declaration of Conformity



## Contents

Product Identification /alidity ntended Use Scope of Delivery	2 2 2 2 2
I Safety 1.1 Symbols Used 1.2 Personnel Qualifications 1.3 General Safety Instructions 1.4 Liability and Warranty	<b>6</b> 6 7 7
2. System Overview 2.1 Basic Unit 2.2 Measurement Plug-In Boards	<b>8</b> 8
2.3 Interface and Relay Plug-In Boards  3 Technical Data	9 <b>10</b>
Installation	13
4.1 Personnel	13
1.2 Installation, Setup	13
1.2.1 Rack Installation	13
4.2.2 Installation in a control panel	14
1.2.3 Use as Desk-Top Unit 1.3 Mains Power Connector	15 16
1.4 Installing / Removing plug-in boards	17
4.5 Interface Connectors	17
1.5.1 CONTROL Connector	17
1.5.2 Interface Connector RS485	19
1.5.3 Interface Connector USB Type A 1.5.4 Interface Connector USB Type B	19 19
4.5.5 Interface Connector Ethernet	20
5 Operation	21
5.1 Front Panel	21
5.2 Switching the VGC094 On and Off	22
5.3 Measuring with the VGC094	23
5.4 Operating Modes	23
5.5 Measurement Mode	25
5.6 Parameter Mode 5.6.1 Switching Function Parameters	27 28
5.6.2 Gauge parameters	30
5.6.3 Gauge Control	34
5.6.4 General Parameters	37
5.6.5 Communication Parameters	42
5.6.6 Plug-In Boards Parameters 5.6.7 Data Logger Mode	44 45
5.6.8 Setup Mode	47
5.6.9 Test Parameters	49
Communication Protocol (Serial Interface)	53
6.1 Data Transmission	53
6.2 Communication Protocol	54
5.3 Mnemonics	55
6.4 Measurement Mode 6.4.1 COM - Continuous Output of Measurement Values	56 56
6.4.2 ERR - Error Status	56
6.4.3 PA1 / PA2 - Measurement Data Channels A1 / A2	57
6.4.4 PB1 / PB2 - Measurement Data Channels B1 / B2	57
6.4.5 PRX - Measurement Data ChannelsA1, A2, B1, B2	58
6.4.6 RES - Reset 6.4.7 SEN - Switching Measurement Circuit On/Off	58 59
6.4.8 TID - Measurement Circuit Identification	59
6.5 Switching Function Parameters	60
6.5.1 SPS - Switching Function Status	e c
	60
6.5.2 SP1 SP4 - Switching Function 1 4	60
6.5.2 SP1 SP4 - Switching Function 1 4 6.6 Gauge Parameters	60 61
6.5.2 SP1 SP4 - Switching Function 1 4	60



	00
6.6.4 COR - Correction factor	62
6.6.5 FIL - Measurement Value Filter	63
6.6.6 GAS - Gas Type Correction	63
6.7 Gauge Control Group	64
<del>-</del>	64
6.7.1 SA1, SA2 - Gauge Control Slot A	
6.7.2 SB1, SB2 - Gauge Control Slot B	65
6.7.3 SPA - Gauge Control Slot A	66
6.7.4 SPB - Gauge Control Slot B	67
6.8 General Parameters	68
6.8.1 AOM - Analog Output Mode	68
6.8.2 BAL - Backlight	68
6.8.3 DCB - Display Control Bar Graph	69
6.8.4 DCC - Display Control Contrast	70
6.8.5 DCS - Display Control Screensave	70
6.8.6 ERA - Error Relay Allocation	71
	71
6.8.7 EVA - Measurement Range End Value	
6.8.8 LNG - Language (Display)	71
6.8.9 PUC - Penning Underrange Control	72
6.8.10 SAV - Save Parameters (EEPROM)	72
6.8.11 UNI - Pressure Unit	73
6.9 Communication Parameters	74
6.9.1 BAU - Transmission rate USB	74
6.9.2 BAR - Transmission rate RS485	74
6.9.3 BAI - Transmission rate IFxxx	75
6.9.4 ETH - Ethernet Configuration	75
6.9.5 NAD - Node Address (unit address) for RS485	76
6.10 Data Logger Parameters	77
6.10.1 DAT - Date	
0.10.1 DAT - Date	77
6.10.2 LCM - Start / Stop Data Logger	77
6.10.3 TIM - Time	77
6.11 Group Setup	78
6.11.1 SCM - Store / Load Parameters (USB)	78
6.12 Test Parameters	78
6.12.1 ADC - A/D Converter Test	78
<ul><li>6.12.2 CDA - Re-calibration</li><li>6.12.3 DIS - Display Test</li></ul>	78
6.12.3 DIS - Display Test	79
6.12.4 EEP - EEPROM Test	79
6.12.5 EPR - FLASH Test	79
6.12.6 HDW - Hardware Version	79
6.12.7 IOT - I/O Test	80
6.12.8 LOC - Keylock	80
6.12.9 MAC - Ethernet MAC Address	81
6.12.10 PNR - Firmware Version	81
6.12.11 RHR - Operating Hours	81
6.12.12 TKB - Operator Keys Test	81
6.12.13 TLC - Torr Lock	82
6.12.14 WDT - Watchdog Control	82
6.13 Further Parameters	82
6.13.1 AYT - Are you There?	82
6.13.2 SME - Show Me	83
6.13.3 TMP - Inner Temperature of the Unit	83
6.13.4 VBT - Battery Voltage	83
6.14 Example	84
7 Maintenance	85
/ Walltenance	05
8 Troubleshooting	86
9 Repair	87
10 Accessories	87
11 Storage	87
12 Disposal	88
Appendix	89
A: ConversionTables	89
B: Measurement Signal vs. Pressure	90
B 1: Pirani Gauges, 0 10 V	90
B 2: Pirani Gauges, 4 20 mA	91
B 3: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300C9, 0 10 V	92
B 4: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300C9, 4 20 mA	93
B 5: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300C10, 0 10 V	94
B 6: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300C10, 4 20 mA	95



B 7: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300T11/T11L, 0 10 V	96
B 8: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300T11/T11L, 4 20 mA	97
C: Firmware Update	98
D: Ethernet Configuration	102
D 1: Connect the VGC094 to a Network	102
D 2: Connect the VGC094 to a Computer	103
D 3: Ethernet Configuration Tool	104
E: Literature	107
ETL Certification	107
EU Declaration of Conformity	108



## Safety

## 1.1 Symbols Used

Symbols for residual risks



## **DANGER**

Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.



## **WARNING**

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.



## **Caution**

Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.

Further symbols



Note



Label on rear of the unit: prompt to consult the operating manual



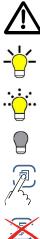
The lamp / display is lit



The lamp / display flashes



The lamp / display is dark



Press the key (example: PARA key)



Do not press any key



Labeling

## 1.2 Personnel Qualifications



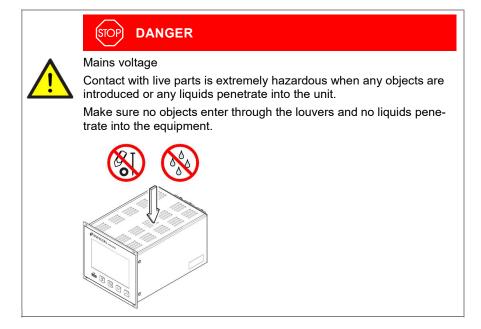
## Skilled personnel

All work described in this document may only be carried out by persons who have suitable technical training and the necessary experience or who have been instructed by the end-user of the product.



# 1.3 General Safety Instructions

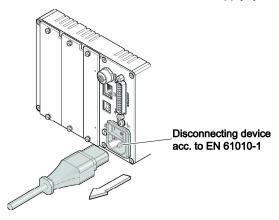
Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.



Disconnecting device

The disconnecting device must be readily identifiable by and easily reached by the user.

To disconnect the unit from the mains supply, you must unplug the mains cable.



Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

## 1.4 Liability and Warranty

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty is rendered null and void if the enduser or third parties

- disregard the information in this document
- use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the corresponding product documentation.



## 2 System Overview

## 2.1 Basic Unit

VGC094, Technical Data  $\rightarrow 10$ .

A list of all plug-in boards suited for the VGC094 can be found on  $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  9.

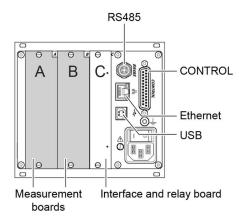
Cold cathode

Pirani / cold cathode combined

For detailed information on the plug-in boards  $\rightarrow \square$  [1].

# 2.2 Measurement Plug-In Boards

Two slots (A and B) at the back of the VGC094 can accommodate up to two measurement boards.



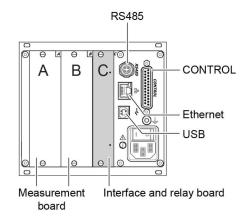
Pirani

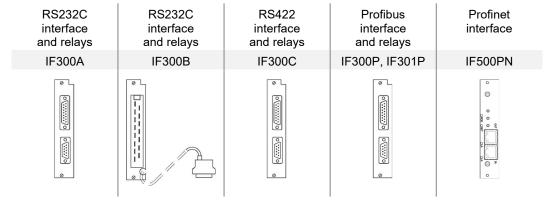
Measurer	ment plug-in board:	Ø ATM Ø HIGO	FINE CUTTING STORY	FE @ 5001		CP9 500    9 rate received    10 project    10 project	
		PI300D	PI300DN	PE300DC9	CP300C9	CP300C10	CP300T11 CP300T11L
Comp	patible gauges:						
PSG010		•			•	•	•
PSG017			•				
PSG018		•			•	•	•
MAG050				•	•	•	
MAG060				•	•	•	
MAG070							•
MAG084					•		



# 2.3 Interface and Relay Plug-In Boards

An interface and relay board can be plugged into slot C.







## 3 Technical Data

Mains specifications Voltage 100 ... 240 V (ac) ±10%

Frequency 50 ... 60 Hz

Power consumption ≤65 VA

Overvoltage category II

Protection class 1

Connection European appliance connector IEC 320 C14
Fuse integrated in power supply unit (fuse is not

accessible)

Ambience Ambient temperature

Storage  $-20 \dots +60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Operation  $+ 5 \dots +50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity  $\leq 80\%$  up to  $+31 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,

decreasing to 50% at +40 °C

Use indoors only

max. altitude 2000 m

Pollution degree II
Degree of protection IP30

Slots for plug-in boards Measurement boards 2 (slot A and B)

Interface and relay boards 1 (slot C)

Compatible measurement

boards

Pirani PI300D PI300DN

PI300DN

IF300A

IF300B

Cold cathode PE300DC9, index B and higher

Pirani / cold cathode combined CP300C9, index B and higher CP300C10, index B and higher

CP300C10, index B and higher CP300T11, index B and higher CP300T11L, index A and higher

Compatible interface and relay

boards

RS232C interface (D-sub con-

nector) and relays

RS232C interface (cable) and

relays

RS422 interface and relays IF300C

Profibus interface and relays IF300P, IF301P

Profinet interface IF500PN

Operation Front panel via 4 keys

Remote control via RS485 interface via USB type B interface

via Ethernet interface

Measurement values Measurement ranges depending on plug-in boards ( $\rightarrow \square$  [1])

Measurement rate analog ≥100 / s
Display rate ≥10 / s

Measurement filter

Limit frequency OFF, 100 Hz, 10 Hz (default), 1 Hz, 0.1 Hz

Measurement unit hPa, mBar, Torr, Pa, Micron, V, A



Relay contacts Switching function relays 4

Error relay 1

Contact type floating changeover contact

Max. load 60 V (dc), 0.6 A (ohmic)

40 V (ac), 1 A (ohmic)

30 V (dc), 1.5 A (ohmic) 30 V (ac), 1.5 A (ohmic)

Service life

Mechanical 1×10<sup>8</sup> switching cycles

Electrical 1×10<sup>5</sup> switching cycles (at max. load)

Contact positions  $\rightarrow$  17 Reaction time  $\leq$ 10 ms

Allocation of switching points freely assignable

Setting range switching points depending on gauges

Hysteresis switching points ≥10% of reading

CONTROL connection D-sub appliance connector, female, 25-pin

(pin assignment  $\rightarrow 17$ )

Analog outputs Number 4

Voltage range 0 ... +10 V (dc) ±1% (±0.2% typical)

0 ... +5 V (dc)

Current range 4 ... 20 mA ±1% (±0.2% typical)

Resolution 16 Bit

Output resistance <50  $\Omega$  (typical 47.5  $\Omega$ )

Response time ≤10 ms

CONTROL connector D-sub appliance connector, female, 25-pin

(pin assignment → 117)

RS485 interface Protocol Mnemonics protocol, ASCII, addressable

Data format bi-directional, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit,

no parity bit, no handshake

Transmission rate (Baud) 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 *RS485* connector Binder M12 appliance connector, 5-pin

(pin assignment  $\rightarrow 19$ )

USB Type A interface Protocol FAT file system

file handling in ASCII format

USB Type B- interface Protocol Mnemonics protocol, ASCII

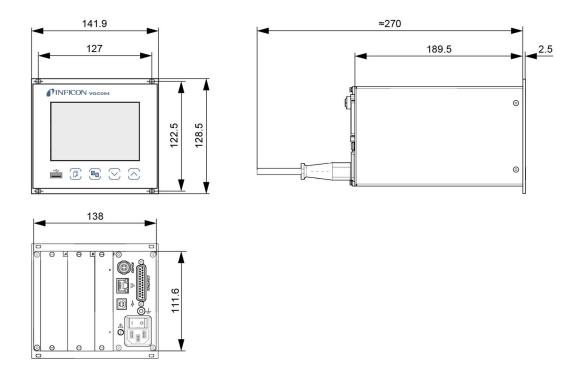
Transmission rate (Baud) 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

Ethernet interface Protocol Mnemonics protocol, ASCII

Configuration  $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  102



## Dimensions [mm]



Use

For incorporation into a rack or control panel or as a desk-top unit

Weight

<1.45 kg



## 4 Installation

## 4.1 Personnel



### Skilled personnel



The unit may only be installed by persons who have suitable technical training and the necessary experience or who have been instructed by the end-user of the product.

## 4.2 Installation, Setup

The unit is suited for incorporation into a 19" rack or a control panel or for use as a desk-top unit.



## **DANGER**



Putting a product which is visibly damaged into operation can be extremely hazardous. If the product is visibly damaged do not put it into operation and make sure it is not inadvertently put into operation.

### 4.2.1 Rack Installation

The unit is designed for installation into a 19" rack chassis adapter according to DIN 41 494. For this purpose, four collar screws and plastic sleeves are supplied with it.



## **DANGER**



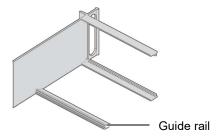
Protection class of the rack

If the product is installed in a rack, it is likely to lower the protection class of the rack (protection against foreign bodies and water) e.g. according to the EN 60204-1 regulations for switching cabinets.

Take appropriate measures for the rack to meet the specifications of the protection class.

Guide rail

In order to reduce the mechanical strain on the front panel of the VGC094, preferably equip the rack chassis adapter with a guide rail.





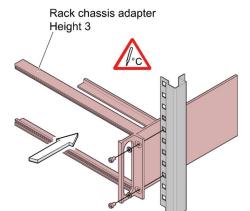
Height 3 rack chassis adapter

0

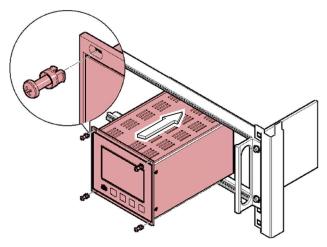
Secure the rack adapter in the rack frame.



The maximum admissible ambient temperature ( $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  10) must not be exceeded and the air circulation must not be obstructed.



Slide the VGC094 into the rack chassis adapter ...



 $\dots$  and fasten the adapter panel to the rack chassis adapter using the screws supplied with the VGC094.

# 4.2.2 Installation in a control panel



## **DANGER**



Protection class of the rack

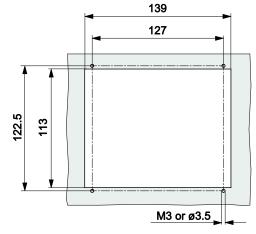
If the product is installed in a rack, it is likely to lower the protection class of the rack (protection against foreign bodies and water) e.g. according to the EN 60204-1 regulations for switching cabinets.

Take appropriate measures for the rack to meet the specifications of the protection class.

14



For mounting the VGC094 into a control panel, the following cut-out is required:





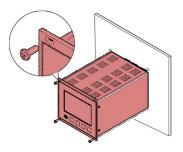
The maximum admissible ambient temperature (→ 

10) must not be exceeded and the air circulation must not be obstructed.

For reducing the mechanical strain on the front panel of the VGC094, preferably support the unit.



Slide the VGC094 into the cut-out of the control panel ...



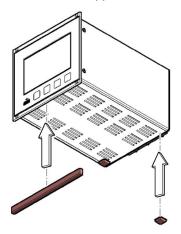
... and secure it with four M3 or equivalent screws.

## 4.2.3 Use as Desk-Top Unit

The VGC094 may also be used as a desk-top unit. For this purpose, two self-adhesive rubber feet and a slip-on rubber bar are supplied with it.



Stick the two supplied rubber feet to the rear part of the bottom plate ...



... and slip the supplied rubber bar onto the bottom edge of the front panel.



Select a location where the admissible maximum ambient temperature ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  10) is not exceeded (e.g. due to sun irradiation).



## 4.3 Mains Power Connector



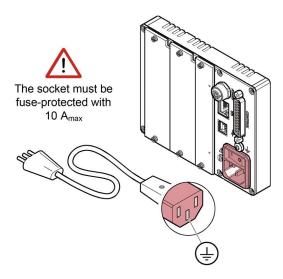
## **DANGER**



Line voltage

Incorrectly grounded products can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault.

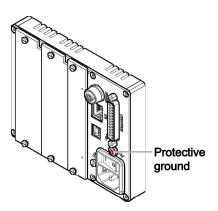
Use only a 3-conductor power cable with protective ground. The mains power connector may only be plugged into a socket with a protective ground. The protection must not be nullified by an extension cable without protective ground.



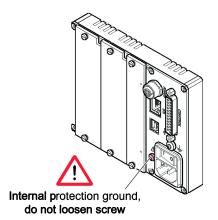
If the unit is installed in a switching cabinet, the mains voltage should be supplied and turned on via a central distributor.

**Ground Connection** 

On the rear of the unit is a screw enabling the VGC094 where necessary to be connected via a ground conductor, e.g. with the protective ground of the pump stand.



Internal protection ground



16



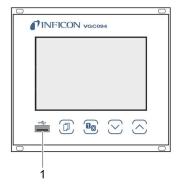
# 4.4 Installing / Removing plug-in boards

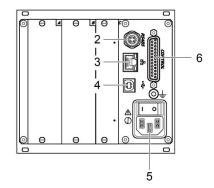
Further information and details on installing/removing plug-in boards and handling of empty slots you find in  $\square$  [1].

Connecting plug-in boards

Electrical connections of gauges, analog signals, relays contacts etc. depend on the plug-in boards used and are described in [4] [1] in detail.

### 4.5 Interface Connectors





1	•<	USB Type A interface	→ <b>19</b>
2	RS485	RS485 interface	→ <b>19</b>
3	윰	Ethernet interface	→ 🖺 20
4	•<	USB Type B interface	<b>→</b> 🖺 19
5	$\triangle$	3-pin mains power connector	→ 🖺 16
6	CONTROL	Relay contacts connector, analog outputs	→ 🖺 17

## 4.5.1 CONTROL Connector

The switching functions and error monitoring influence the position of various relays. You can use the relay contacts for switching via the *CONTROL* connection. The relay contacts are floating contacts.

In addition, the measuring signal can be read out via this connection and the status of the error monitoring can be evaluated potential-free.



Connect the peripheral components to the *CONTROL* connector on the rear of the unit using your own, screened (EMC compatibility) cable.



## DANGER



Hazardous voltage

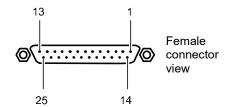
According to EN 61010, voltages exceeding 30 V (ac) or 60 V (dc) are hazardous.

Only connect a protective low voltage.



Pin assignment, contact positions CONTROL

Pin assignment of the male 25-pin D-sub appliance connector (female):



Pin	Signal		
	Switching function 1		
8 16 7	Pressure above threshold or power supply turned off		
	Switching function 2		
5 13 4	Pressure above threshold or power supply turned off Pressure bellow threshold		
	Switching function 3		
2 10 1	Pressure above threshold or power supply turned off Pressure bellow threshold		
	Switching function 4		
15 6 14	Pressure above threshold or power supply turned off Pressure bellow threshold		
	Error signal		
12 3 11	Error or power supply No error		
	Supply for relays with higher switching capacity		
9	+24 V (dc), 100 mA  Fuse-protected at 100 mA with PTC element, self-resetting after power off or pulling the CONTROL connector. Meets the requirements of a grounded protective extra low voltage.		
17	GND		
18	AGND (analog ground)		
19	Analog Output 1		
20	AGND (analog ground)		
21	Analog Output 2		
22	AGND (analog ground)		
23	Analog Output 3		
24	AGND (analog ground)		
25	Analog Output 4		



## 4.5.2 Interface Connector RS485

The galvanically isolated RS485 interface enables operation of the VGC094 via a computer or a terminal. Integration into a bus system is possible with the use of a Y distributor.



Connect the serial interface to the *RS485* connector on the rear of the unit using a screened (EMC compatibility) cable.

Pin assignment *RS485* 

Pin assignment of the female binder 5-pin M12 appliance connector socket:

Pin	Signal		
1	RS485+ (differential)	1 2	
2	+24 V (dc), ≤200 mA	<u>√</u> 2€1	Female connector
3	GND		view
4	RS485- (differential)		
5	not assigned	<b>4</b> ∋	

# 4.5.3 Interface Connector USB Type A

The USB Type A interface connector with master functionality is situated on the front of the unit and is used for the connection of a USB memory stick (e.g. firmware update, parameter saving (read/write), data logger).



Connect the USB memory stick to the connector  ${}^{\bullet} \subset$  on the front of the unit.

USB type A pin assignment

Pin assignment of the 4-pin USB type A connector socket:

Pin	Signal		
1	VBUS (5 V)		
2	D-	_	Female connector view
3	D+	1 1	
4	GND	1 4	

# 4.5.4 Interface Connector USB Type B

The USB Type B interface connector facilitates direct communication with the VGC094 via a computer (e.g. firmware update, parameter saving (read/write)).



Connect the USB interface connector to the connector on the rear of the unit using a screened (electromagnetic compatibility) cable.



If a virtual serial interface (COM) is not set up automatically, you can download the driver from "www.ftdichip.com/drivers/vcp-drivers/" and then install it.

Pin assignment USB Type B

Pin assignment of the female 4-pin USB type B connector socket:

Pin	Signal	2 1	
1 2 3 4	VBUS (5 V) D- D+ GND	3 4	Female connector view



# 4.5.5 Interface Connector Ethernet

The Ethernet interface allows direct communication with the VGC094 via a computer.



Pin assignment Ethernet

Pin assignment of the 8-pin RJ45 appliance connector socket:

Pin	Signal		
1 2	TD+ (transmission data +) TD- (transmission data -)	yellow green 	
3	RD+ (received data +)		Female con-
4 5	n.c.	<u> </u>	nector view
6	RD- (received data -)		
7	n.c.	8 1	
8	n.c.		

Green LED

Link or transmit LED. Indicates that a hardware connection has been established.

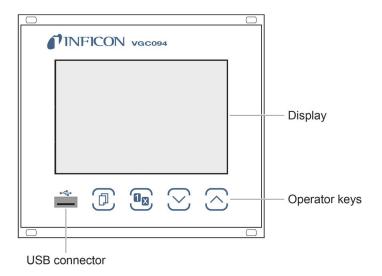
Yellow LED

Status or packet-detect LED. Indicates the status of the transmission. Whenever this LED flashes or flickers, this indicates that data is being transmitted.



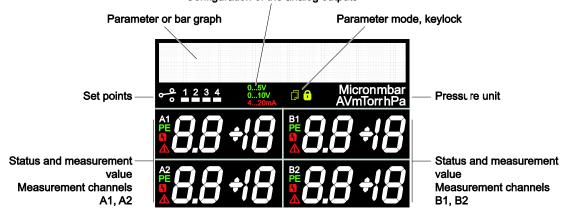
## 5 Operation

## 5.1 Front Panel



Display VGC094

Configuration of the analog outputs



Parameter, bar graph

Parameter rows 1 & 2



Bar graph. The symbol of the corresponding measuring channel flashes (e.g. A1).



Bar graph with setpoint. The symbol of the corresponding measuring channel flashes (e.g. A1).

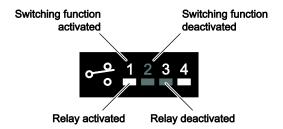


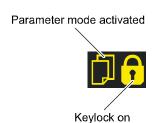


Pressure vs. time, trend. The symbol of the corresponding measuring channel flashes (e.g. A1).

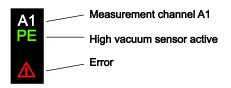


Switching points, parameter mode, keylock





Specific measurement channel



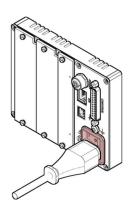
## 5.2 Switching the VGC094 On and Off

Make sure the unit is correctly installed and the specifications in the Technical Data are met.

Switching on the VGC094

The power switch is on the rear of the unit.

Switch on the VGC094 at the power switch (or, if the unit is incorporated in a rack, switch it on centrally via a switched power distributor).



After power on, the VGC094 ...

- · automatically performs a self-test
- · activates the parameters that were in effect before the last power off
- the identification of the measuring point is displayed.

Turning the VGC094 off

Turn the VGC094 off with the power switch (or centrally, via a switched power distributor, if the unit is incorporated in a rack).



Wait at least 10 s before turning the VGC094 on again in order for it to correctly initialize itself.



## 5.3 Measuring with the VGC094

Gas type dependence

The measured pressure depends on the gas type present. It is referenced to nitrogen ( $N_2$ ). For other gases please refer to the characteristic curves shown in the appendix of the plug-in card operating manual  $\square$  [1].

Validity of displayed data

If you intend to use the measurement results for control functions, allow for the time constants of the VGC094, the gauges, possible ignition delays etc., until valid measurements are displayed ( $\rightarrow \square$  [2], [3]).

Accuracy of measurement

A generally applicable statement on the accuracy of the measurement cannot be made. The type of gas being measured is a major factor affecting the accuracy, and so is the current condition of the gauge.

The accuracy of the gauge at any particular moment can only be assessed by comparing the results with a reference unit. Calibration pumping systems are available for reliable measurements, particularly for pressures under 10<sup>-4</sup> hPa.

Adjustment

Cold cathode measuring circuits are factory adjusted and require no recalibration. Pirani measuring circuits are factory adjusted. For accurate measurement  $\rightarrow \square$  [1].

## 5.4 Operating Modes

The VGC094 works in the following operating modes:

- Measurement mode for displaying measurement values or status (→ 

  25)
- Parameter mode

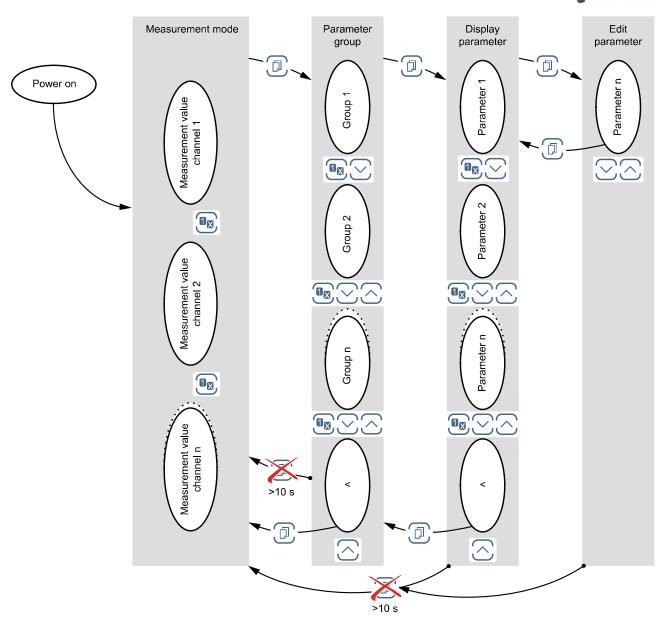
for displaying and editing parameters (→ 

27)

- Gauge parameter group SENSOR
   for entering and displaying gauge parameters (→ 

  30)







#### 5.5 Measurement Mode

Measurement mode is the standard operating mode of the VGC094 with display of

- a bar graph (if required)
- a measurement value for each measurement channel
- status messages for each measurement channel

Adjusting bar graph

If required a bar graph may be displayed ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  39).

Changing measurement channel



The unit alternates between the measurement channels. The number of the selected measurement channel flashes.

Switching the gauge on/off



Manual on/off-switching has priority over the automatic control (switch to automatic control  $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  34).

The controller does not put Pirani gauges out of operation when switched off, but suppresses the measurement result and the error message.



Switch on cold cathode gauges at pressures <10<sup>-3</sup> hPa only, in order to prevent excessive contamination of the gauges.

Switching on/off manually



Press key for >1 s:



Gauge switches on. A measurement value or a status message is displayed.



Press key for >1 s: Gauge switches off. The identification of the

measuring board is displayed. Cold cathode measuring circuit 5×10-9 hPa Cold cathode measuring circuit 1×10<sup>-10</sup> hPa

Cold cathode measuring circuit 1×10<sup>-11</sup> hPa Pirani measuring circuit

Pirani measuring circuit for nickel filament

Switching on/off automatically

After switching on a gauge, a measurement value or a status message is dis-

After switching on a gauge, the identification of the measuring board is displayed.

Cold cathode measuring circuit 5×10-9 hPa automatic operation

Cold cathode measuring circuit 1×10<sup>-10</sup> hPa automatic operation

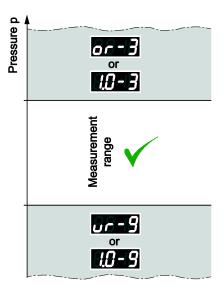
Cold cathode measuring circuit 1×10<sup>-11</sup> hPa automatic operation



#### Measured value display

The four measuring channels are displayed simultaneously. The measuring channel symbol of the active measuring channel flashes.

If the measured value of a measuring circuit is outside the measuring range, "or" (overrange) or "ur" (underrange) is displayed, together with the exponent which indicates the range limit.





If the upper measuring range limit is exceeded, the cold cathode gauge can become contaminated if it remains switched on.



If the under range control is switched off the system cannot distinguish between a gauge failure, cable interruption and underrange of a cold cathode measuring circuit. "ur" is displayed in all cases.

Displaying the measurement plug-in board identification and gauge type



⇒ Press keys for >0.5 ... 1 s: For the measurement channel in question, the measurement plug-in board identification (row 1) and the gauge type (row 2) are read and displayed for 10 seconds.

Example:		
Row 1	CP300C9	Measurement plug-in board
Row 2	MAG050/060/084	Gauge

Measurement plug-in board (row 1)

PI300D	Pirani measurement plug-in board 8×10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar
PI300DN	Pirani measurement plug-in board 8×10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar
PE300DC9	Cold cathode measurement plug-in board 1×10 <sup>-9</sup> mbar
CP300C9	Pirani / cold cathode measurement plug-in board 5×10 <sup>-9</sup> mbar
CP300C10	Pirani / cold cathode measurement plug-in board 1×10 <sup>-10</sup> mbar
CP300T11	Pirani / cold cathode measurement plug-in board 1×10 <sup>-11</sup> mbar
CP300T11L	Pirani / cold cathode measurement plug-in board 1×10 <sup>-11</sup> mbar



## 5.6 Parameter Mode

The Parameter mode is used for displaying, editing and entering parameter values as well as for testing the VGC094 and for saving measurement data. For ease of operation the individual parameters are divided into groups.

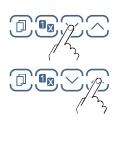


Unit switches from measurement mode to parameter mode. The respective parameter group is displayed in place of the bar graph.





Selecting a parameter group



Select group  $\Rightarrow \begin{array}{ll} \text{Switching function parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 28 \\ \text{Gauge parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 30 \\ \text{Gauge control} \rightarrow \ @\ 34 \\ \text{General parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 37 \\ \text{Communication parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 42 \\ \text{Plug-in boards parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 44 \\ \text{Data logger} \rightarrow \ @\ 45 \\ \text{Setup} \rightarrow \ @\ 47 \\ \text{Test parameters} \rightarrow \ @\ 49 \\ \end{array}$ 



Confirm group

Reading a parameter in a parameter group



Editing and saving a parameter in a parameter group



Confirm the parameter. The value flashes and can now be edited.



Edit the value.



Save the change and return to read mode



## 5.6.1 Switching Function Parameters

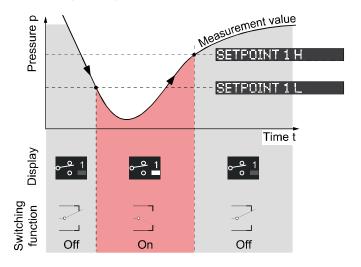
SETPOINT >

The switching function parameter groups used for displaying, editing and entering threshold values and assigning the six switching functions to a measurement channel.

Parameters in this group

SETPOINT 1 CH Assignment of switching function 1 to a channel SETPOINT 1 LOW Switching function 1 lower threshold SETPOINT I HIGH Switching function 1 upper threshold SETPOINT 1 ON-T Delays the switching off of the relay (ON-Timer) SETPOINT 2 CH Assignment of switching function 2 to a channel Switching function 2 lower threshold SETPOINT 2 LOW Switching function 2 upper threshold SETPOINT 2 HIGH SETPOINT 2 ON-T Delays the switching off of the relay (ON-Timer) Assignment of switching function 3 to a channel SETPOINT 3 CH SETPOINT 3 LOW Switching function 3 lower threshold SETPOINT 3 HIGH Switching function 3 upper threshold Delays the switching off of the relay (ON-Timer) SETPOINT 3 ON-T SETPOINT 4 CH Assignment of switching function 4 to a channel SETPOINT 4 LOW Switching function 4 lower threshold SETPOINT 4 HIGH Switching function 4 upper threshold SETPOINT 4 ON-T Delays the switching off of the relay (ON-Timer) One level back

Parallel to the IF300x plug-in boards, the VGC094 has four switching functions with two adjustable thresholds each. The status of the switching functions is displayed on the front panel and can be evaluated via the floating contacts at the *CONTROL* connector ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  17).





### Selecting a parameter



⇒ The name of the parameter and the currently valid parameter value are displayed.



Switching function 1 turned off



Select parameter. The value flashes and can now be edited.

## Editing and saving the parameter



⇒ Press key for <1 s:</p>

The value is increased/decreased by 1 increment.



Press key for >1 s:

The value is increased/decreased continuously.



⇒ Save the change and return to read mode.



We recommend setting the threshold  $\frac{1}{2}$  decade above the lower, or  $\frac{1}{2}$  decade below the upper, threshold limit.

## Assigning a switching function

	Value
Row 1 SETPOINT 1 CH	Assignment of a switching function to a measurement channel.
Row 2 DISABLED	⇒ Switching function 1 is factory-deactivated
ENABLED	⇒ Switching function 1 is turned on
SENSOR A1	⇒ Switching function 1 is assigned to sensor A1
SENSOR A2	⇒ Switching function 1 is assigned to sensor A2
SENSOR B1	⇒ Switching function 1 is assigned to sensor B1
SENSOR B2	⇒ Switching function 1 is assigned to sensor B2



The lower and the upper threshold of a switching function are always assigned to the same channel. The last assignment is valid for both thresholds.

## Limits of the lower switching thresholds

The threshold value can be set in the range 1.0E-11 ... 9.9E+3 mbar.

This parameter only appears if a sensor (SENSOR A1, SENSOR A2, SENSOR B1

or SENSOR B2) is assigned to the setpoint.

	Value
Row 1 SETPOINT 1 LOW	The lower threshold (Setpoint low) defines the pressure at which the switching function is activated when the pressure is dropping.
Row 2 1.0E-11	⇒ Default





The minimum hysteresis between the upper and lower switching threshold amounts to at least 10% of the lower threshold. The upper threshold is if necessary automatically adjusted to a minimum hysteresis. This prevents unstable states.

Limits of the upper switching thresholds

The threshold value can be set in the range 1.0E-11 ... 9.9E+3 mbar.

This parameter only appears if a sensor (SENSOR A1, SENSOR A2, SENSOR B1 or SENSOR B2) is assigned to the setpoint.

		Value
Row 1	POINT 1 HIGH	The upper switching threshold (Setpoint high) defines the pressure at which the switching function is deactivated when the pressure is rising.
Row 2 9.0	E-11	⇒ Default



The minimum hysteresis between the upper and lower switching threshold amounts to at least 10% of the lower threshold. This prevents unstable states.

**ON-Timer** 

Entering an ON-Timer value delays the switch-off of the relay. The value can be set in the range  $0 \dots 100$  seconds.

If the ON-Timer value is set to 30 seconds, for example, the relay will not be switched off until 30 seconds after SP-H has been exceeded. However, if the measured value returns below SP-L within the 30 seconds, the relay remains activated and the ON-Timer is reset.

	Value
Row 1 SETPOINT 1 ON-T	Parameter name
Row 2 dis	⇒ 0 seconds (default). Adjustable in the range 0 100 seconds

## 5.6.2 Gauge parameters

The sensor parameter group is used for displaying, entering and editing parameters of the connected gauges.

Parameters in this group

FILTER	Measurement value filter.
GAS TYPE	Correction factor for other gases.
CORR-FACTOR	Correction factor.
DESIGNATION	Measuring point name.
COMPENSATION	Leakage current compensation.
<	One level back.

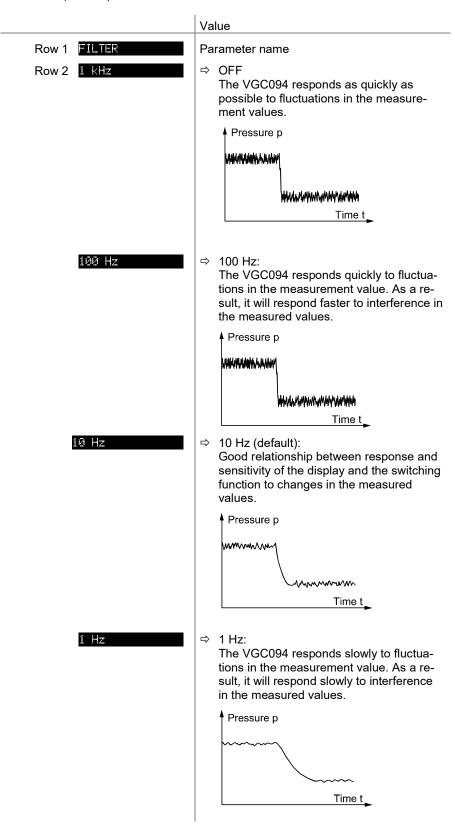


#### Measurement value filter

The measurement value filter permits a better evaluation of unstable or disturbed measuring signals.



The measurement value filter does not affect the analog output ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  17).

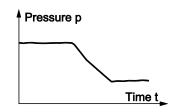






⇒ 0.1 Hz:

The VGC094 responds very slowly to fluctuations in the measurement value. As a result, it will respond very slowly to interference in the measured values.



## Correction factor GAS TYPE

The correction factor GAS TYPE allows

- the measurement value to be calibrated to the predefined gas types, or
- the manual input of the correction factor for other gases (CORR-FACTOR).

		Value
Row 1	GAS TYPE	Parameter name
Row 2	NITROGEN/AIR	⇒ Gas type: Nitrogen / air
	HELIUM	⇒ Gas type: Helium
	MEON	⇒ Gas type: Neon
	ARGON	⇒ Gas type: Argon
	KRYPTON	⇒ Gas type: Krypton
	XENON	⇒ Gas type: Xenon
	HYDROGEN	⇒ Gas type: Hydrogen
	CORR-FACTOR	⇒ Manually enter correction factor for other gases via parameter CORR-FACTOR

## Correction factor CORR-FACTOR

The correction factor is effective over the entire measuring range and allows the measurement value to be calibrated to other gas types.

Precondition: The GAS TYPE parameter must be set to the CORR-FACTOR value.

	Value
Row 1 CORR-FACTOR	Parameter name
Row 2 1.00	⇒ No correction
	Adjustable in the range 0.20 8.00

## Designation

Name of measuring point (8 characters max.).

	Value
Row 1 DESIGNAT	Parameter name  ⇒ Measuring point name (only capital letters, numbers and underlines permitted). ■ = default for sensor A1)



## Leakage current compensation

A leakage current compensation value can be determined automatically for each measuring channel with a cold cathode or set manually via an interface command.

The compensation value is subtracted from the measured pressure value. This enables an automatic correction of pressure values which are falsified by leakage currents caused by long cables.

		/alue	
Row 1	COMPENSATION	Paramete	er name
Row 2	OFF	⇒ Comp	ensation disabled
	1.0E-9	Compunit)	ensation value (in current pressure
		currer UP bu	automatic measurement for leakage nt compensation: Press and hold the utton for ~1s. The text SURING" is displayed.

 tinb68e1
 (2021-11)
 VGC094.om



## 5.6.3 Gauge Control

<u>SENSOR-CONTROL</u> >

The sensor control group is used for displaying, entering and editing parameters which define how the connected gauges are activated / deactivated.

Parameters in this group

SENSOR ON Gauge activation

SENSOR OFF Gauge deactivation

THRESHOLD ON threshold

THRESHOLD OFF OFF threshold

One level back

#### General information

- Switching a gauge on/off can be done from different control sources.
- A gauge cannot turn itself on and cannot be turned off by HotStart.
- Pirani gauges remain active after switching off and the display shows "PI" instead of the measurement value. Any cold cathode gauge connected to the same plug-in board will also be switched off.

## Gauge activation

Certain gauges can be activated by different means.

The parameter values "SENSOR A1", "SENSOR A2", "SENSOR B1" and "SENSOR B2" are only displayed for the available channels.

	Value
Row 1 SENSOR ON	Parameter name
Row 2 HAND	
HOTSTART	<ul> <li>→ Hot start:         The gauge is automatically activated when the VGC094 is turned on. Measurement is thus automatically resumed after a power failure. Conditions for gauge deactivation →</li></ul>
SENSOR A1	⇒ By measurement channel A1.
SENSOR A2	⇒ By measurement channel A2.
SENSOR B1	⇒ By measurement channel B1.
SENSOR B2	⇒ By measurement channel B2.
HOTSTART + A1	⇒ By hotstart and measurement channel A1: The gauge is automatically activated when the VGC094 is turned on. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel A1.
HOTSTART + A2	⇒ By hotstart and measurement channel A2: The gauge is automatically activated when the VGC094 is turned on. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel A2.
HOTSTART + Bi	⇒ By hotstart and measurement channel B1: The gauge is automatically activated when the VGC094 is turned on. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel B1.
HOTSTART + B2	⇒ By hotstart and measurement channel B2: The gauge is automatically activated when the VGC094 is turned on. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring

channel B2.



PREVIOUS	⇔	Previous: The gauge is activated by pressing the key. It is started in the same state as before the last power cycle.
PREVIOUS + A1	₽	Previous and by measurement channel A1: The gauge is started in the same state as before the last power cycle. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel A1.
PREVIOUS + A2	₽	Previous and by measurement channel A2: The gauge is started in the same state as before the last power cycle. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel A2.
PREVIOUS + B1	₽	Previous and by measurement channel B1: The gauge is started in the same state as before the last power cycle. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel B1.
PREVIOUS + B2		Previous and by measurement channel B2: The gauge is started in the same state as before the last power cycle. The switch-on behavior is then controlled by measuring channel B2.

## ON threshold

Definition of the ON threshold for the gauge to be activated by a gauge connected to the other measurement channel.

This parameter appears only when the SENSOR ON parameter is set to SENSOR A1, SENSOR A2, SENSOR B1 or SENSOR B2.

You can define a ON threshold with the parameter THRESHOLD ON. If the pressure on the relevant measuring channel falls below the ON threshold, the gauge is switched on.

	Value
Row 1 THRESHOLD ON	Parameter name
Row 2 5.0E-3	ON threshold
Value THRESHOLD OFF	must be ≥ THRESHOLD ON .



### Gauge deactivation

Certain gauges can be deactivated by different means.

The parameter values "SENSOR A1", "SENSOR A2", "SENSOR B1" and "SENSOR B2" are only displayed for the available channels.

		Va	lue
Row 1	SENSOR OFF	Ра	rameter name
Row 2	HAND	₽	Manual deactivation: The gauge is deactivated by pressing the   key (default).
	SELF	₽	Self control: The gauge deactivates itself when the pressure rises.
	SENSOR A1	⇔	Automatic deactivation by measurement channel A1.
	SENSOR A2	⇔	Automatic deactivation by measurement channel A2.
	SENSOR B1	⇒	Automatic deactivation by measurement channel B1.
	SENSOR B2	⇒	Automatic deactivation by measurement channel B2.

### OFF threshold

Definition of the OFF threshold for the gauge to be deactivated by a gauge connected to the other measurement channel or by itself.

This parameter appears only when the SENSOR OFF parameter is set to SELF, SENSOR A1, SENSOR A2, SENSOR B1, SENSOR B2, HOTSTART + A1, HOTSTART + A2, HOTSTART + B1 or HOTSTART + B2.

You can define an OFF threshold with the parameter THRESHOLD OFF . If the pressure on the relevant measuring channel exceeds the OFF threshold, the gauge is switched off.

		Value	
Row 1	THRESHOLD OFF	Parameter name	
Row 2	6.0E-3	OFF threshold	
		<u> </u>	

Value THRESHOLD OFF must be ≥ THRESHOLD ON



### 5.6.4 General Parameters

GENERAL >

The General parameters group is used for displaying, entering and editing generally applicable system parameters.

Parameters in this group

UNIT Measurement unit

ANALOG OUTPUT Analog output

ERROR-RELAY Error relay

PENNING-UR

Penning underrange

BARGRAPH GRAPH

CONTRAST LCD

Contrast adjustment

BACKLIGHT

Backlight

SCREENSAUER Screensaver

SET DEFAULT Factory settings

LANGUAGE Language

END UALUE Display of measurement range end value

One level back

Measurement unit

Unit of measured values, thresholds etc. See Appendix for conversion table (  $\rightarrow$   ${\ensuremath{\mathbb B}}$  89).

		Va	lue
Row 1	UNIT	Pa	rameter name
Row 2	HPASCAL	⇒	hPa
	MBAR	⇒	mBar (default)
	TORR	⇔	Torr (only available if Torr lock is not activated $\rightarrow$ $\blacksquare$ 50)
	PASCAL PASCAL	⇒	Pa
	MICRON	⇨	Micron (= 0.001 Torr) (only available if Torr lock is not activated $\rightarrow$ $\bigcirc$ 50)
	VOLT	⇒	Volt
	AMPERE	⇒	Ampere

Analog output

Output characteristics of the 4 analog outputs.

	Value
Row 1 ANALOG OUTPUT	Parameter name
Row 2 OFF	⇒ Turned off (default)
Ø5V	⇒ 0 5 V Direct output of the measuring signals as fast as possible.
010V	⇒ 0 10 V Output of measurement signals scaled and filtered to 0 10 V.
420mA	⇒ 4 20 mA Output of measurement signals scaled and filtered to 4 20 mA.



### Error relay

Switching behaviour of the error relay.

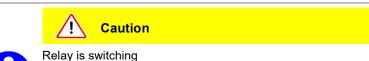
	Value	
Row 1 ERROR-RELAY	Parameter name	
Row 2 HLL ERROR'S	⇒ Switches for all errors (factory setting)	
no SENSOR ERRORS	⇒ Only unit errors	
SENSOR A1 ERRORS	⇒ Error sensor A1 and unit error	
SENSOR A2 ERRORS	⇒ Error sensor A2 and unit error	
SENSOR B1 ERRORS	⇒ Error sensor A1 and unit error	
SENSOR B2 ERRORS	⇒ Error sensor A2 and unit error	

### Underrange control

Definition of behaviour in the event of an underrange with Cold Cathode Gauges (Penning underrange control).

There are a number of possible causes of an underrange:

- the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the measurement range
- · the measurement element has not (yet) ignited.
- discharge has failed
- · a fault has occurred





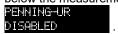
An underrange can lead to unintended reactions of the connected control system.

Prevent false control signals and messages by disconnecting the sensor and control cables.

	Value
Row 1 PENNING-UR	Parameter name
Row 2 DISABLED	⇒ Factory setting. Underrange state is interpreted as an admissible measurement value. UR is displayed. The switching function remains ON.
ENABLED	⇒ Underrange state is interpreted as an admissible measurement value. UR is displayed. The switching function remains OFF.



If there is a possibility of the pressure in the vacuum system dropping below the measurement range of the gauge, it is advisable to select



If PENNING-UR is selected, evaluation of the switching function is suppressed for 10 seconds when the gauge is turned on and each time after an underrange has recurred. During this time, the switching function remains OFF.



Cold cathode measuring circuits for 10<sup>-11</sup> mbar sometimes require more than 10 seconds for the transition OR to UR and thus lead the switching function being ON for a short time.



### Bar graph

In the dot matrix a bar graph or the measured pressure as a function of time  $(p=f_{(t)})$  may be shown.

During parameter setting the parameter and the parameter value may be displayed in place of this.

Row 2 PF		Va	lue
Bar graph covering full scale range.  □ Bar graph covering full scale range, high-level presentation.  □ Bar graph covering full scale range and setpoint threshold.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 0.2 seconds / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 20 seconds.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 1 second / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ P = f(0, autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel □ For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measureme	Row 1 BARGRAPH	Pa	rameter name
FULLSCRILE h  ⇒ Bar graph covering full scale range, high-level presentation.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  ⇒ p = f(0, autoscaled, 0.2 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(0, autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement values is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0, autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0, autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is each measurement, a mea	Row 2 OFF	⇒	Factory setting.
level presentation.  □ Bar graph covering full scale range and setpoint threshold.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  □ DECRDE+SP  □ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value is saved in tabular form every accordance to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ De f(0, autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ De f(0, autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ De f(0, autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to according to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  □ Decrease threshold according to according to a logging duration of 100 minutes	FULLSCALE	⇒	Bar graph covering full scale range.
setpoint threshold.  DECRIDE  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 0.2 seconds / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 20 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 1 second / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.	FULLSCALE h	⇒	
current measurement value.  DECRIDE h  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value, high-level presentation.  ⇒ Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 0.2 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 20 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 1 second / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(0), autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds	FULLSCALE+SP	⇔	
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For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 20 seconds.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 1 second / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement values is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds	DECADE+SP	₽	current measurement value and setpoint
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For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds			
to a logging duration of 100 seconds.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 6 seconds / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds	f(1s)	↔	For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.
For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f(t), autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds			to a logging duration of 100 seconds.
F(1min)  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 1 minute / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds	f(6s)	☆	For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds
For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.			
to a logging duration of 100 minutes.  ⇒ p = f <sub>(t)</sub> , autoscaled, 30 minutes / pixel  For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.  The represented data string corresponds	f(lmin)		For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled.
For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds			
	f(0.5h)	⇧	For each measurement, a measurement value is saved in tabular form every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixel) are shown autoscaled. The represented data string corresponds



# □ For the selected measurement circuit, the plug-in board identification (row 1) and the measuring point name (row 2) are displayed.

e.g.: PI300D FORELINE

### SETPOINTS

⇒ For the selected measurement channel the measuring point name (row 1) and the assigned setpoints (row 2) are displayed.

e.g.: FORELINE SP 2,4

Contrast _		Value
	Row 1 DONTRAST LCD	Parameter name
	Row 2	⇒ Off
	:	Default = 40%
	199%	⇒ Full contrast
Backlight _		Value
	Row 1 BACKLIGHT	Parameter name
	Row 2	⇒ Off
	:	Default = 40%
	100%	⇒ Full brightness
Screensaver _		Value
	Row 1 SCREENSAUER	Parameter name
	Row 2 DFF	⇒ Factory setting
	10 MINUTES	⇒ After 10 minutes
	30 MINUTES	⇒ After 30 minutes
	1 HOUR	⇒ After 1 hour
	2 HOURS	⇒ After 2 hours
	8 HOURS	⇒ After 8 hours
	DARKROOM	⇒ The backlight is switched off completely after 1 minute.
		It is activated again by pressing any key.

40



### Default parameter settings

All user parameter settings are replaced by the default values (factory settings).



### Caution



Interruption of the current connection

Resetting the parameters to factory settings also resets communication parameters (e.g. transmission rate, Ethernet settings) and can lead to an interruption of the current connection.

Reset parameter to factory setting only if you are sure that no malfunction will cause by an interruption of the current connection.



Loading of the default parameter settings is irreversible.

		Value
Row 1	SET DEFAULT	Parameter name
Row 2	<b>▼+▲</b> 2s	Press  keys at the same time for >2 s to start loading default values
	DEFAULTS LOADED	⇒ The default values are loaded (displayed in the default language)

### Language

Display language.

		Value
Row 1	LANGUAGE	Parameter name
Row 2	ENGLISH	⇒ English (default)
	GERMAN	⇒ German
	FRENCH	⇒ French

### Display of measurement range end value

Display of underrange or overrange.

		Value
Row 1	END VALUE	Parameter name
Row 2	UR/OR	⇒ When an underrange or overrange occurs UR or OR is displayed (default)
	VALUE	⇒ When an underrange or overrange occurs the respective full scale value is displayed



### 5.6.5 Communication Parameters

COMMUNICATION >

The Communication parameters group is used for displaying, entering and editing communication parameters.

Parameters in this group

IP (ETH)

IP address (Ethernet)

SUBNET (ETH)

Subnet mask (Ethernet)

GATEWAY (ETH)

Gateway address (Ethernet)

One level back

Transmission rate USB interface

Transmission rate of the USB interface.

		Value
Row 1	BAUDRATE USB	Parameter name
Row 2	9600	⇒ 9600 Baud
	19200	⇒ 19200 Baud
	38400	⇒ 38400 Baud
	57600	⇒ 57600 Baud
	115200	⇒ 115200 Baud (default)

Transmission rate IF300x plug-in board

Transmission rate of the IF300x plug-in board.



If the VGC094 is operated with the IF300P Profibus interface plug-in board, the transmission rate must be set to 19200 Baud.

		Value
Row 1	BAUDRATE IFxxx	Parameter name
Row 2	1200	⇒ 1200 Baud
	2400	⇒ 2400 Baud
	4800	⇒ 4800 Baud
	9600	⇒ 9600 Baud (default)
	19200	⇒ 19200 Baud



### Transmission rate RS485 interface

Transmission rate of the RS485 interface.

		Value
Row 1	BAUDRATE RS485	Parameter name
Row 2	9600	⇒ 9600 Baud
	19200	⇒ 19200 Baud
	38400	⇒ 38400 Baud
	57600	⇒ 57600 Baud
	115200	⇒ 115200 Baud (default)

### RS485 address

RS485 device address.

	Value
Row 1 RS485 ADDRESS	Parameter name
Row 2 1	⇒ Default
<b>!</b>	Adjustable from 1 24
24	

### DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. Allows the automatic allocation of the network configuration (IP address, subnet mask, gateway) to clients through the

		Value
Row 1	DHCP (ETH)	Parameter name
Row 2	OFF	⇒ The IP address, subnet mask, and gate- way must be configured manually (factory setting)
	ON	⇒ The IP address, subnet mask, and gate- way are set automatically, but cannot be changed.

### IP address

IP address.

	alue	
	arameter name Can only be changed if DHC "OFF".	P is set to

### Subnet mask

Subnet mask.	
	Value
Row 1 SUBNET (ETH)	Parameter name
Row 2 ***********************************	⇒ Can only be changed if DHCP is set to "OFF".



Gateway address	Gateway address
-----------------	-----------------

	Value
Row 1 GATEWAY (ETH) Row 2 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Parameter name  ⇒ Can only be changed if DHCP is set to "OFF".

5.6.6	Plug-In Boards
	Parameters

The Plug-In Boards parameters group is used for displaying plug-in boards parameters.

Parameters in this group

IDENTIFICATION
Identification of the plug-in board
HARDWARE VERSION
HARDWARE VERSION
SOFTWARE VERSION
SOFTWARE UPDATE
SOFTWARE UPDATE
One level back

Identification

Row 1 IDENTIFICATION Identification of the plug-in board

Row 2 IF500PN 

Type of the plug-in board

Value

Hardware version

Row 1 HRDWRE VERSION Hardware version of the plug-in board

Row 2 Display of the hardware version for plug-in boards of the latest generation

⇒ For plug-in boards of the old generation

the hardware version is not displayed

Software version

Row 1 SOFTWARE VERSION

Row 2 V1.00

Display of the software version for plug-in boards of the latest generation

For plug-in boards of the old generation the software version is not displayed

Software update

Row 1 SOFTWARE UPDATE

Software update of the plug-in board via USB stick

Row 2 

Update of the software only for plug-in boards of the latest generation

44



### 5.6.7 Data Logger Mode

Parameters in this group

### DATA LOGGER

The data logger group is used for

- recording measurement data on a USB memory stick (interface type A on the front of the VGC094)
- deleting recorded measurement data from the USB memory stick



This group is only available when a USB memory stick formatted for the FAT file system (FAT32) is plugged in. Use a max. 32 GB memory stick.



Not all USB memory sticks are automatically recognized by the VGC094, as they (in particular cheaper brands) do not always conform to USB standard requirements. Try a different memory stick before contacting your nearest INFICON service center.

Start of data recording

	DATE	Current date
	TIME	Current time
	INTERVAL	Recording interval
	DEC-SEPARATOR	Decimal separator
	FILENAME	File name
	START / STOP	Start / stop display
	CLEAR	Deletion of files with displayed measurement data
Modus		Value
	Row 1 MODUS	Recording mode
	Row 2 MANUELL	⇒ Manual start via START ✓ STOP (default)
	AUTOMATISO	H Automatic start by inserting a USB memory stick.
		Disconnect the USB memory stick to stop the recording, or use parameter  ▼ TO STOF.
		I
Date		Value
	Row 1 DATE	Current date in the format YYYY-MM-DD
	Row 2 2020-04-2	⇒ e.g. 2020-04-25
Time		Value
	Row 1 TIME	Current time in the format hh:mm [24 h]
	Row 2 15: 45	⇒ e.g. 15:45



### Interval

Data logging interval.

		Va	lue
Row 1	INTERUAL		
Row 2	İs	⇒	Recording interval 1/s
	10s	⇒	Recording interval 1/10 s
	30s	⇒	Recording interval 1/30 s
	1min	⇒	Recording interval 1/60 s
	1% DEVIATION	⇒	Recording interval: In the event of measurement value changes ≥1%
	5% DEVIATION	⇒	Recording interval: In the event of measurement value changes ≥5%

### Decimal separator

Decimal separator for measurement values in the measurement data file.



Further processing of recorded data (e.g. with Excel): Pay attention to the corresponding decimal separator (comma or dot).

Wert
⇒ Decimal comma
⇒ Decimal point

### File name

	Value
Row 1 FILENAME	Name of the measurement data file, max. 7 digits
Row 2 DATALOG	⇒ File ending: CSV

After entering the  $8^{th}$  digit the display stops flashing. The name of the data file is saved and the unit is in the read mode again.



Is the file name shorter than 8 digits, a blank space must be set to each remaining digit.

### Start / Stop

Starting / stopping measurement value record.



The symbol flashes during measurement data record.

		Value
Row 1	START/STOP	
Row 2	▲ TO START	⇒ Press  key to start data record: Data record is running, display has changed to  ▼ 10 STOP and the symbol  is blinking.
	▼ TO STOP	⇒ Press

46



### Delete

For deleting all measurement data files (extension CSV) from the USB memory stick.

		Value
Row 1	CLEAR	
Row 2	▼+▲	Press  keys at the same time to delete files
	RUNNING	⇒ CSV files are being deleted
	DONE	⇒ CSV files have been deleted

### 5.6.8 Setup Mode



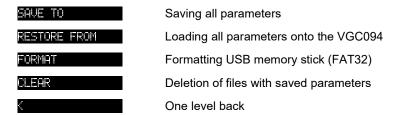
This group is used for

- saving all parameters on a USB memory stick (interface type A on the front of the VGC094)
- loading all parameters from a USB memory stick onto the VGC094
- · formatting a USB memory stick
- deleting files with saved parameters from the USB memory stick



This group is only available when a USB memory stick formatted for the FAT file system (FAT32) is plugged in. Use a max. 32 GB memory stick.

### Parameters in this group



### Saving a parameter

Saving all parameters of the VGC094 to a USB memory stick (file ending: CSV).



The threshold values and the offset are saved in mBar or hPa.

		Va	lue
Row 1	SAVE TO		
Row 2	SETUP00.CSV :	⇒	File name on the USB memory stick: SETUP00.CSV
	SETUP99.CSV	₽	File name on the USB memory stick: SETUP99.CSV
	RUNNING	⇒	CSV file is being saved
	DONE	⇒	Saving completed



### Loading a parameter

Loading all parameters from a USB memory stick onto the VGC094.

	Value
Row 1 RESTORE FROM	
Row 2 SETUP®®.CSU	⇒ File name on the USB memory stick: SETUP00.CSV
SETUP99.CSU	⇒ File name on the USB memory stick: SETUP99.CSV
RUNNING	⇒ CSV file is being loaded
DONE	⇒ Loading completed
ERROR	⇒ Error occurred

### Formatting

Formatting USB memory stick.

		Value
Row 1	FORMAT	
Row 2	<b>▼</b> +▲	Press Cockeys at the same time to start formatting
	RUNNING	⇒ Formatting in progress
	DONE	⇒ Formatting completed

### Delete

Deleting all parameter files (ending CSV) from the USB memory stick.

		Value
Row 1	CLEAR	
Row 2	<b>▼</b> +▲	Press ĆĆ keys at the same time to delete files
	RUNNING	⇒ CSV files are being deleted
	DONE	⇒ CSV files have been deleted

48



### 5.6.9 Test Parameters



The Test parameter group is used for displaying the firmware version, entering and editing special parameter values, and for running test programs.



The group is only available if

- the key was pressed while the unit was turned on, or
- the key was pressed for 5 s while is displayed.

Parame			

SOFTWARE VERSION	Firmware version
HARDWARE VERSION	Hardware version
MAC ADDRESS	MAC address
RUNHOURS	Operating hours
WATCHDOG	Watchdog control
TORR-LOCK	Torr lock
KEY-LOCK	Keylock
FLASH TEST	FLASH test (program memory)
EEPROM TEST	EEPROM test (parameter memory)
DISPLAY TEST	Display test
RELAY TEST	Relay test
RECALIBRATION	Re-calibration
<	One level back

The parameters in this group are available for all gauges.

### Firmware version

The firmware version (program version) is displayed.

		Version
Row 1	SOFTWARE VERSION	This information is helpful when contacting INFICON
Row 2	1.00 [4664]	

### Hardware version

The hardware version is displayed.

		Version
Row 1	HARDWARE VERSION	This information is helpful when contacting INFICON
Row 2	1.00	

### MAC address

The MAC address is displayed.

		Value			
Row 1	MAC ADDRESS	The address is displayed without any separators (e.g. 00-A0-41-0A-00-08)			
Row 2	000041000008				



Operating hours	The operating hours are display	ed.
		Value
	Row 1 RUNHOURS	⇒ Operating hours
	Row 2 24 h	
		<del>-</del> '
Watchdog control	Behaviour of the system control	(watchdog control) in the event of an error.
		Setting
	Row 1 WATCHDOG	
	Row 2 HUTO	⇒ The system automatically acknowledges error messages of the watchdog after 2 s (factory setting)
	OFF	⇒ Error messages of the watchdog have to be acknowledged by the operator
Torr lock	The measurement unit Torr can setting ( $\rightarrow$ $\stackrel{\blacksquare}{=}$ 37).	be suppressed in the corresponding parameter  Setting
	Row 1 TORR-LOCK	
	Row 2 OFF	
	ON	⇒ Measurement unit Torr not available
Keylock	The keylock function prevents in malfunctions.	nadvertent entries in the parameter mode and thus
		Setting
	Row 1 KEY-LOCK	
		Koylook function disabled (factory actting)
	Row 2	⇒ Keylock function disabled (factory setting)
	ON	⇒ Keylock function enabled
FLASH test	Test of the program memory.	
		Test sequence
	Row 1 FLASH TEST	
	Row 2 ▼+▲	Press  keys at the same time to start test
	RUN	□    □    □    □    □    □    □
	PASS	⇒ Test completed, no error found. After the test, an 8-digit checksum (e.g.
	ERROR	⇒ Test completed, error found. After the test, an 8-digit checksum (e.g.

50 tinb68e1 (2021-11) VGC094.om

If the error persists after repeating the test, please contact your nearest INFICON service center.



### **EEPROM** test

Test of the parameter memory.

		Те	st sequence
Row 1	EEPROM TEST		
Row 2	<b>▼</b> + <b>▲</b>	Protes	ess ∑்் keys at the same time to start st
	RUN	⇒	Test in progress.
	PASS	⇒	Test completed, no error found.
	ERROR	⇒	Test completed, error found.
			If the error persists after repeating the test, please contact your nearest INFICON service center.

### Display test

Test of the display.

		Test sequence
Row 1	DISPLAY TEST	
Row 2	▼+▲	Press ∑் keys at the same time to start test
		⇔ After starting the test, all display elements are lit at the same time for 10 s.

### Relay test

Test of the unit relays. The test program tests their switching function.



### Caution



The relays switch irrespective of the pressure.

Starting a test program may cause unwanted effects in connected control systems.

Disconnect all sensor and control system lines to ensure that no control commands or messages are triggered by mistake.

The relays switch on and off cyclically. The switching operations are indicated optically and are also clearly audible.

The switching function contacts are connected to the *control* connector on the rear of the unit ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  17). Check their function with an ohmmeter.



	Test sequence	
Row 1 RELAY TEST		
Row 2 ▼+▲	Press ∑⊘ keys at the same time to start test	
OFF	⇒ All relays deactivated	
REL1 ON	⇒ Switching function relay 1	
REL1 OFF	⇒ Switching function relay 1	
REL2 ON	⇒ Switching function relay 2	
REL2 OFF	⇒ Switching function relay 2	
<b>:</b>		

Re-calibration

Date of the next re-calibration.

	Test sequence
Row 1 RECALIBRATION	
Row 2 2020-12-01	Date of the next re-calibration

Once the configured date is reached, the following information message will be displayed periodically.

Row 1 RECALIBRATION
Row 2 REQUIRED !



### 6 Communication Protocol (Serial Interface)

The serial interfaces (RS485, USB, Ethernet, IF300A / B / C) are used for communication between the VGC094 and a computer. A terminal can be connected for test purposes.

RS232C interface

RS232C communication requires one of the interface and relay cards provided for the VGC094 (IF300A, IF300B,  $\rightarrow \square$  [1]).

Profibus interface

The VGC094 can be equipped with a Profibus interface. This requires the corresponding interface relay card IF300P in slot C of the VGC094. This card has the standard Profibus interface and five relay outputs (switching functions and error status).

Description of the function and programming instructions  $\rightarrow \square$  [1], [5].

It should be noted that for commands containing channel-specific parameters, the number of values must match the number of channels.

Example: Transmit: FIL [,a,b,c,d]

### 6.1 Data Transmission

The data transmission is bi-directional, i.e. data and control commands can be transmitted in either direction.

Data format

1 start bit, 8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit, no hardware handshake

**Definitions** 

The following abbreviations and symbols are used:

Symbol	Meaning		
HOST	Computer or terminal		
[]	Optional elements		
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Ir	iterchange	Э
		Dez	Hex
<etx></etx>	END OF TEXT (CTRL C) Reset the interface	3	03
<cr></cr>	CARRIAGE RETURN Go to beginning of line	13	0D
<lf></lf>	LINE FEED Advance by one line	10	0A
<enq></enq>	ENQUIRY Request for data transmission	5	05
<ack></ack>	ACKNOWLEDGE Positive report signal	6	06
<nak></nak>	NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE Negative report signal	21	15
<esc></esc>	ESCAPE	27	1B

"Transmit": Data transfer from HOST to VGC094 "Receive": Data transfer from VGC094 to HOST

Flow Control

After each ASCII string, the HOST must wait for a report signal (<ACK><CR><LF> or <NAK> <CR><LF>).

The input buffer of the HOST must have a capacity of at least 64 bytes.



### 6.2 Communication Protocol

Transmission format

Messages are transmitted to the VGC094 as ASCII strings in the form of mnemonic operating codes and parameters. All mnemonics comprise three ASCII characters.

Spaces are ignored. <ETX> (CTRL C) clears the input buffer in the VGC094.



With RS485 half duplex connection no LINE FEED (<LF>) should be sent (data collision on the bus).

The use of LINE FEED is generally permitted with the other interfaces (USB, Ethernet, IF300A / B / C). For time reasons, however, it should not be used.

Transmission protocol

HOST	VGC094	Explanation
Mnemonics [and parameters] – <cr>[<lf>]</lf></cr>		Receives message with "end of message"
< <ack>&lt;</ack>	CR> <lf></lf>	Positive acknowledgment of a received message

Reception format

When requested with a mnemonic instruction, the VGC094 transmits the measurement data or parameters as ASCII strings to the HOST.

<ENQ> must be transmitted to request the transmission of an ASCII string. Additional strings, according to the last selected mnemonic, are read out by repetitive transmission of <ENQ>.

If <ENQ> is received without a valid request, the ERROR word is transmitted.

Reception protocol

HOST	VGC094	Explanation
Mnemonics [and parall		Receives message with "end of message"
<	<ack><cr><lf></lf></cr></ack>	Positive acknowledgment of a received message
<enq></enq>	>	Requests to transmit data
<	Measurement values or parameters ———— <cr><lf></lf></cr>	Transmits data with "end of message"
:		:
<enq></enq>	>	Requests to transmit data
<	Measurement values or parameters ———— <cr><lf></lf></cr>	Transmits data with "end of message"

Error processing

The strings received are verified in the VGC094. If an error is detected, a negative acknowledgment <NAK> is output.

Error recognition protocol

HOST	VGC094	Explanation
Mnemonics [and parameters] <cr>[<lf>]</lf></cr>		Receives message with "end of message"

\*\*\*\*\* Transmission or programming error \*\*\*\*\*

< <nak><cr><lf></lf></cr></nak>	Negative acknowledgment of a received message
Mnemonics [and parameters]> <cr>[<lf>]&gt;</lf></cr>	Receives message with "end of message"
< <ack><cr><lf></lf></cr></ack>	Positive acknowledgment of a received message

54



### 6.3 Mnemonics

		$\rightarrow$
ADC	A/D converter test	78
MOA	Analog Output Mode	68
AYT	Are you there?	82
BAI	Transmission rate USB	75
BAL	Backlight	68
BAR	Transmission rate RS485	74
BAU	Transmission rate IFxxx	74
CAx	Leakage current compensation for channels A1 / A2	61
CBx	Leakage current compensation for channels B1 / B2	61
CDA	Calibration date	78
CID	Channel identifier	62
COM	Continuous mode of measurement values	56
COR	Correction factor other gas types	62
DAT	Date	77
DCB	Display control bar graph	69
DCC	Display control contrast	70
DCS	Display control screensave	70
DIS	Display test	79
EEP	EEPROM test	79
EPR	FLASH test	79
ERA	Error relay allocation	71
ERR	Error status	56
ETH	Ethernet configuration	75
EVA	Measurement range end value	71
FIL	Measurement value filter	63
GAS	Gas type correction	63
HDW	Hardware version	79
IOT	I/O test	80
LCM	Start / stop data logger	77
LNG	Language (display)	71
LOC	Keylock	80
MAC	Ethernet MAC address	81
NAD	Node (device) address for RS485	76
PAn	Measurement data and status for channels A1 / A2	57
PBn	Measurement data and status for channels B1 / B2	57
PNR	Firmware version	81
PRX	Measurement data and status for all gauges	58
PUC	Penning underrange control	72
RES	Reset	58
RHR	Operating hours	81
SAV	Save parameters (EEPROM)	72
SAx	Sensor control slot A	64
SBx	Sensor control slot B	65
SCM	Save / load parameters (USB)	78
SEN	Measurement circuit on/off	59
SME	Show me	83
SPA	Sensor control slot A	66
SPB	Sensor control slot B	67
SPS	Switching function status	60
SPx	Switching function 1 4	60
TID	Plug-in boards identification	59

 tinb68e1
 (2021-11)
 VGC094.om
 55



TIM	Time	77
TKB	Operator key test	81
TLC	Torr lock	82
TMP	Inner temperature of the unit	83
UNI	Pressure unit	73
<b>VBT</b>	Battery voltage	83
WDT	Watchdog control	82

### 6.4 Measurement Mode

## 6.4.1 COM - Continuous Output of Measurement Values

Transmit: COM [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Mode, a =
	Mode, a = 0 -> 100 ms
	1 -> 1 s (default) 2 -> 1 minute
	2 -> 1 minute

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

This is immediately followed by continuous output of the measured

values at the desired time interval.

Receive: b,x.xEsxx,b,x.xEsxx,b,x.xEsxx,b,x.xEsxx <CR><LF>

	Description	
b	Status of the four measurement channels (A1, A2, B1, B2), b =	
	0 -> Measurement data okay	
	1 -> Underrange	
	2 -> Overrange	
	3 -> Sensor error	
	4 -> Sensor off	
	5 -> No hardware	
x.xEsxx	Measurement value measurement channel 1) [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)	



1) Values always in exponential format.

### 6.4.2 ERR - Error Status

Transmit: **ERR** <CR>[<LF>] Error status

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aaaa <CR><LF>

	Description
aaaa	Error status, aaaa =
	0000 -> No error
	1000 -> Controller error (see display on front panel)
	0100 -> Hardware not installed
	0010 -> Inadmissible parameter
	0001 -> Syntax error



The error status is cleared when readout, but is reset immediately if the error remains or continues.

56



### 6.4.3 PA1 / PA2 - Measurement Data Channels A1 / A2

Transmit: PAn <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
n	Measurement value, n =
	1 -> Measurement channel A1
	2 -> Measurement channel A2

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,x.xEsxx <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Status, a =
	0 -> Measurement data okay
	1 -> Underrange 2 -> Overrange
	2 -> Overrange
	3 -> Measuring point error (sensor error)
	4 -> Measuring point switched off
	5 -> No hardware
x.xEsxx	Measurement value [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)

### 6.4.4 PB1 / PB2 - Measurement Data Channels B1 / B2

Senden: PBn <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
n	Measurement value, n =
	1 -> Measurement channel B1
	2 -> Measurement channel B2

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,x.xEsxx <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Status, a =
	0 -> Measurement data okay
	1 -> Underrange
	1 -> Underrange 2 -> Overrange
	3 -> Measuring point error (sensor error)
	4 -> Measuring point switched off
	5 -> No hardware
x.xEsxx	Measurement value [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)



### 6.4.5 PRX - Measurement Data ChannelsA1, A2, B1, B2

Transmit: PRX <CR>[<LF>]
Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,x.xEsxx,a,x.xEsxx,a,x.xEsxx,a,x.xEsxx <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Status measurement channel, a =
	0 -> Measurement data okay
	1 -> Underrange
	1 -> Underrange 2 -> Overrange
	3 -> Measuring point error (sensor error)
	4 -> Measuring point switched off
	5 -> No hardware
x.xEsxx	Measurement value gauge [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)

### 6.4.6 **RES** - Reset

Transmit: RES [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	a =
	1 -> Re-start and read out the pending error messages.

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: b[,b][,b][...] < CR > < LF >

	Descr	iption
b	List of all current error messages, b =	
	0 ->	No error
	1 ->	Watchdog has triggered
	3 ->	FLASH error
	5 ->	EEPROM error



## 6.4.7 SEN - Switching Measurement Circuit On/Off

Transmit: **SEN** [,a,b,c,d] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Measurement circuit A1, a =
	0 -> No change
	1 -> Turn measurement circuit off
	2 -> Automatic
	3 -> Turn measurement circuit on
b	Measurement circuit A2
С	Measurement circuit B1
d	Measurement circuit B2

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,d <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Status measurement circuit A1, a =
	0 -> No measurement circuit
	1 -> Gauge turned off
	2 -> Automatic
	3 -> Gauge turned on
b	Status measurement circuit A2
С	Status measurement circuit B1
d	Status measurement circuit B2

## 6.4.8 TID - Measurement Circuit Identification

Plug-in board identification.

Transmit: TID <CR>[<LF>]
Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>
Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c <CR><LF>

Descripti

	Description
a, b	PI300D
	PI300DN
	PE300Dx9
	CP300x9
	CP300x10
	CP300T11
	CP300T11L
	NO BOARD
С	IF300x <sup>1)</sup>
	NO BOARD

The IF300 plug-in boards (IF300A / B / C / P) have the same identification and cannot be distinguished.

 tinb68e1
 (2021-11)
 VGC094.om
 59



## 6.5 Switching Function Parameters

## 6.5.1 SPS - Switching Function Status

Transmit: SPS <CR>[<LF>]
Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,d,e,f <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Status switching function 1, a =
	0 -> Off
	1 -> On
b	Status switching function 2
С	Status switching function 3
d	Status switching function 4
е	Switching function A
f	Switching function B

## 6.5.2 SP1 ... SP4 - Switching Function 1 ... 4

Transmit: **SPx** [x.xEsxx,y.yEsyy,a,b] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
Х	Switching function, x =
	1 -> Switching function 1
	2 -> Switching function 2
	3 -> Switching function 3
	4 -> Switching function 4
x.xEsxx	Lower threshold [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)
y.yEsyy	Upper threshold [in current pressure unit] (s = sign)
а	Switching function assignment, a =
	0 -> Turned off
	1 -> Measurement channel A1
	2 -> Measurement channel A2
	3 -> Measurement channel B1
	4 -> Measurement channel B2
	5 -> Turned on
b	ON-Timer (0 100 seconds)

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: x.xEsxx,y.yEsyy,a,b <CR><LF>

	Description
y.yEsyy	(s = sign)
а	Switching function assignment
b	ON-Timer



### 6.6 Gauge Parameters

### 6.6.1 CA1, CA2 - Leakage Current Compensation

Leakage current compensation for measurement channels A1 and A2.

Transmit: CAx[,a,b] < CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Leakage current compensation
	0 -> Off (default)
	0 -> Off (default) 1 -> On
	2 -> Determine value automatically and activate leakage current compensation.
b	Compensation value (used for writing only if a = 1)

### 6.6.2 CB1, CB2 - Leakage Current Compensation

Leakage current compensation for measurement channels B1 and B2.

Transmit: CBx [,a,b] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Leakage current compensation
	0 -> Off (default) 1 -> On
	1 -> On
	2 -> Determine value automatically and activate leakage current compensation.
b	Compensation value (used for writing only if a = 1)



## 6.6.3 CID - Measuring Point Name

Name of the measuring point (max. 8 characters). Only capital letters, numbers and underlines permitted.

	Description
aaaaaaaa	Name of measurement channel A1
bbbbbbbb	Name of measurement channel A2
ccccccc	Name of measurement channel B1
ddddddd	Name of measurement channel B2

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aaaaaaaa,bbbbbbbb,cccccccc,dddddddd <CR><LF>

	Description
aaaaaaaa	Name of measurement channel A1
bbbbbbbb	Name of measurement channel A2
ccccccc	Name of measurement channel B1
dddddddd	Name of measurement channel B2

### 6.6.4 COR - Correction factor

Gas type correction factor for measurement channels A1, A2, B1 and B2.

Transmit: COR [,a.aa,b.bb,c.cc,d.dd] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
a.aa	Correction factor for measurement channel A1, adjustable in the range 0.20 8.00
b.bb	Correction factor for measurement channel A2
c.cc	Correction factor for measurement channel B1
d.dd	Correction factor for measurement channel B2

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a.aa,b.bb,c.cc,d.dd <CR><LF>

	Description
a.aa	Correction factor for measurement channel A1
b.bb	Correction factor for measurement channel A2
c.cc	Correction factor for measurement channel B1
d.dd	Correction factor for measurement channel B2



## 6.6.5 FIL - Measurement Value Filter

Transmit: FIL [,a,b,c,d] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Filter measurement channel A1, a =
	0 -> Filter OFF
	1 -> f = 100 Hz <sup>1)</sup>
	2 -> f = 10 Hz 1) (default)
	$3 \rightarrow f = 1 \text{ Hz}^{-1}$
	$4 \rightarrow f = 0.1 \text{ Hz}^{-1}$
b	Filter measurement channel A2
С	Filter measurement channel B1
d	Filter measurement channel B2

<sup>1)</sup> The specified frequency is the cut-off frequency of the filter.

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,d <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Filter measurement channel A1
b	Filter measurement channel A2
С	Filter measurement channel B1
d	Filter measurement channel B2

## 6.6.6 GAS - Gas Type Correction

Gas type correction for measurement channels A1, A2, B1 and B2.

Transmit: GAS [,a,b,c,d] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,d <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Gas type correction for measurement channel A1
	0 -> Nitrogen / air
	1 -> Helium
	2 -> Neon
	3 -> Argon
	4 -> Krypton
	5 -> Xenon
	6 -> Hydrogen
	7 -> other gas
b	Gas type correction for measurement channel A2
С	Gas type correction for measurement channel B1
d	Gas type correction for measurement channel B2



### 6.7 Gauge Control Group

## 6.7.1 SA1, SA2 - Gauge Control Slot A

Gauge control for measuring channels A1 and A2.

Transmit: **SAx** [,a,b,c.ccEscc,d.ddEsdd] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c.ccEscc,d.ddEsdd <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Gauge activation, a =
	0 -> Manual (default)
	1 -> Hot start
	2 -> By measurement channel A1
	3 -> By measurement channel A2
	4 -> By measurement channel B1
	5 -> By measurement channel B2
	6 -> Hotstart + A1
	7 -> Hotstart + A2
	8 -> Hotstart + B1
	9 -> Hotstart + B2
	10 -> Previous
	11 -> Previous + A1
	12 -> Previous + A2
	13 -> Previous + B1
	14 -> Previous + B2
b	Gauge deactivation, b =
	0 -> Manual (default)
	1 -> Self control
	2 -> By measurement channel A1
	3 -> By measurement channel A2
	4 -> By measurement channel B1
	5 -> By measurement channel B2
c.ccEscc	ON threshold in current pressure unit (s = sign)
d.ddEsdd	OFF threshold in current pressure unit (s = sign)



## 6.7.2 SB1, SB2 - Gauge Control Slot B

Gauge control for measuring channels B1 and B2.

Transmit: **SBx** [,a,b,c.ccEscc,d.ddEsdd] <CR>[<LF>]

<ACK><CR><LF><ENQ> Receive:

Transmit:

Receive: a,b,c.ccEscc,d.ddEsdd <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Gauge activation, a =
	0 -> Manual (default)
	1 -> Hot start
	2 -> Via measurement channel A1
	3 -> Via measurement channel A2
	4 -> Via measurement channel B1
	5 -> Via measurement channel B2
	6 -> Hotstart + A1
	7 -> Hotstart + A2
	8 -> Hotstart + B1
	9 -> Hotstart + B2
	10 -> Previous
	11 -> Previous + A1
	12 -> Previous + A2
	13 -> Previous + B1
	14 -> Previous + B2
b	Gauge deactivation, b =
	0 -> Manual (default)
	1 -> Self control
	2 -> Via measurement channel A1
	3 -> Via measurement channel A2
	4 -> Via measurement channel B1
	5 -> Via measurement channel B2
c.ccEscc	ON threshold in current pressure unit (s = sign)
d.ddEsdd	OFF threshold in current pressure unit (s = sign)



## 6.7.3 SPA - Gauge Control Slot A

Gauge control for measuring channels A1 and A2. Both channels are controlled simultaneously.



To use all VGC094 control options, we recommend using the commands **SA1** and **SA2** ( $\rightarrow$  **B** 64).

Transmit: **SPA** [,a.aEsaa,b.bEsbb,c] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a.aEsaa,b.bEsbb,c <CR><LF>

	Description
a.aEsaa	ON threshold in current pressure unit 1.0E-11 9.9E+3 mbar (s = sign)
b.bEsbb	OFF threshold in current pressure unit 1.0E-11 9.9E+3 mbar (s = sign)
С	Measurement channel assignment, c =
	0 -> No assignment
	1 -> Measurement channel A1
	2 -> Measurement channel A2
	3 -> Measurement channel B1
	4 -> Measurement channel B2
	5 -> Measurement channel A1 1)
	6 -> Measurement channel A2 1)
	7 -> Measurement channel B1 1)
	8 -> Measurement channel B2 1)
	9 -> complex <sup>2)</sup> (read only)

- Self control with switch-on delay. The gauge is switched on via the selected measuring channel, but switches itself off. The selfmonitoring is only enabled after a delay time of approx. 10 s.
- 2) If the control set with the SA1 and SA2 commands cannot be mapped in the SPA command, this is indicated with parameter value c=9 reading.

66



## 6.7.4 SPB - Gauge Control Slot B

Gauge control for measuring channels B1 and B2. Both channels are controlled simultaneously.



To use all VGC094 control options, we recommend using the commands **SB1** and **SB2** ( $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{B}$  65).

Transmit: SPB [,a.aEsaa,b.bEsbb,c] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a.aEsaa,b.bEsbb,c <CR><LF>

	Description
a.aEsaa	ON threshold in current pressure unit 1.0E-11 9.9E+3 mbar (s = sign)
b.bEsbb	OFF threshold in current pressure unit 1.0E-11 9.9E+3 mbar (s = sign)
С	Measurement channel assignment, c =
	0 -> No assignment
	1 -> Measurement channel A1
	2 -> Measurement channel A2
	3 -> Measurement channel B1
	4 -> Measurement channel B2
	5 -> Measurement channel A1 1)
	6 -> Measurement channel A2 1)
	7 -> Measurement channel B1 1)
	8 -> Measurement channel B2 1)
	9 -> complex <sup>2)</sup> (read only)

- Self control with switch-on delay. The gauge is switched on via the selected measuring channel, but switches itself off. The selfmonitoring is only enabled after a delay time of approx. 10 s.
- If the control set with the SB1 and SB2 commands cannot be mapped in the SPB command, this is signalled when reading with the parameter value c=9.



### 6.8 General Parameters

## 6.8.1 AOM - Analog Output Mode

Transmit: AOM [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Analog Output mode, a = 0 -> Off (default) 1 -> 0 5 V 2 -> 0 10 V 3 -> 4 20 mA
	0 -> Off (default)
	1 -> 0 5 V
	2 -> 0 10 V
	3 -> 4 20 mA

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: x <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Analog Output mode

### 6.8.2 BAL - Backlight

Transmit: BAL [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Backlight in percent, a = 0 100 (default = 40%)
	100% is full brightness

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Backlight



## 6.8.3 DCB - Display Control Bar Graph

Transmit:

**DCB** [,a,b] <CR>[<LF>]

### Description

- a Measurement channel, a =
  - 0 -> Measurement channel A1
  - 1 -> Measurement channel A2
  - 2 -> Measurement channel B1
  - 3 -> Measurement channel B2
- b Bar graph display, b =
  - 0 -> Off (default)
  - 1 -> Bar graph covering full scale range
  - 2 -> Bar graph covering full scale range and setpoint threshold
  - 3 -> Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value
  - 4 -> Bar graph covering a decade according to current measurement value and setpoint threshold
  - $5 \rightarrow p = f_{(t)}$ , auto-scaled, 0.2 seconds / pixel

For each measurement channel, a measurement value is stored in a table every 200 ms and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixels) are displayed autoscaled.

The data string displayed corresponds to a logging duration of 20 seconds.

 $6 \rightarrow p = f_{(t)}$ , auto-scaled, 1 second / pixel

For each measurement channel, a measurement value is stored in a table every second and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixels) are displayed autoscaled.

The data string displayed corresponds to a logging duration of 100 seconds.

 $7 \rightarrow p = f_{(t)}$ , auto-scaled, 6 seconds / pixel

For each measurement channel, a measurement value is stored in a table every 6 seconds and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixels) are displayed autoscaled.

The data string displayed corresponds to a logging duration of 10 minutes.

8 -> p = f(t), auto-scaled, 1 minute / pixel

For each measurement channel, a measurement value is stored in a table every minute and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixels) are displayed autoscaled.

The data string displayed corresponds to a logging duration of 100 minutes.

9 ->  $p = f_{(t)}$ , auto scaled, 30 minutes / Pixel

For each measurement channel, a measurement value is stored in a table every 30 minutes and the last 100 measurement values (=100 pixels) are displayed autoscaled.

The data string displayed corresponds to a logging duration of 50 hours.

- 10 -> For the selected measuring channel, the type of the plug-in board and the name of the measuring point is displayed.
- 11 -> For the selected measuring channel, the name of the measuring point and the assigned switching points are displayed.



Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Measurement channel
b	Bar graph display

### 6.8.4 DCC - Display Control Contrast

Transmit: DCC [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Contrast in percent, a = 0 100 (default = 40%)
	100% = full contrast

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Contrast

## 6.8.5 DCS - Display Control Screensave

Transmit: DCS [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Screensave, a =
	0 -> Off (default)
	1 -> After 10 minutes
	2 -> After 30 minutes
	3 -> After 1 hour
	4 -> After 2 hours
	5 -> After 8 hours
	6 -> Switches the backlight off completely after 1 minute

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Screensave



### 6.8.6 ERA - Error Relay **Allocation**

Transmit: ERA [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Switching behaviour error relay, a =
	Switching behaviour error relay, a = 0 -> Switches for all errors (default)
	1 -> Only unit errors
	2 -> Sensor error A1 and unit error
	3 -> Sensor error A2 and unit error
	4 -> Sensor error B1 and unit error
	5 -> Sensor error B2 and unit error

<ACK><CR><LF> Receive:

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

> Description Switching behaviour error relay

### 6.8.7 **EVA** - Measurement Range End Value

Transmit: EVA [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Measurement range end value, a =
	<ul><li>0 -&gt; UR or OR is displayed when an underrange or over- range occurs (default)</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>1 -&gt; The measurement range end value is displayed when an underrange or overrange occurs</li> </ul>

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

	I
	Description
а	Measurement range end value

### 6.8.8 LNG - Language (Display)

Transmit:

LNG [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description		
а	Language, a =		
	Language, a = 0 -> English (default) 1 -> German 2 -> French		
	1 -> German		
	2 -> French		
<ack><cr><lf></lf></cr></ack>			

Receive:

Transmit: <ENQ> Receive: a <CR><LF>

> Description Language



## 6.8.9 PUC - Penning Underrange Control

Transmit: **PUC** [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Underrange control, a =
	0 -> Off (default)
	1 -> On

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description

a Underrange control

## 6.8.10 SAV - Save Parameters (EEPROM)



### Caution



Interruption of the current connection

Resetting the parameters to factory settings also resets communication parameters (e.g. transmission rate, Ethernet settings) and can lead to an interruption of the current connection.

Reset parameter to factory setting only if it is guaranteed that no malfunction is triggered by an interruption of the current connection.

Transmit: **SAV** [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Save parameters to EEPROM, a =
	0 -> Save default parameters (default)
	1 -> Save user parameters (user)
	2 -> Save user parameters with hotstart (user hotstart)

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Command "SAV,0" Resets all parameters to factory settings.

Command "SAV,1" Stores parameter values that have been changed via the serial interface. Parameters that have been changed via the buttons on the controller are automatically

saved.

Command "SAV,2" Saves as "SAV,1" and additionally activates the hotstart. Thus, a measuring circuit

will be switched on automatically after a power failure. The measuring circuit must

be switched on at the time of saving.



### 6.8.11 UNI - Pressure Unit

Transmit: UNI [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Pressure unit, a =
	0 -> mbar (default)
	1 -> Torr
	2 -> Pascal
	3 -> Micron
	4 -> hPascal
	5 -> Volt 6 -> Ampere
	6 -> Ampere

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Pressure unit



# 6.9 Communication Parameters

# 6.9.1 BAU - Transmission rate USB

When switching over, the response is already transmitted with the changed transmission rate.

Transmit: **BAU** [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Transmission rate, a =
	0 -> 9600 Baud
	1 -> 19200 Baud
	2 -> 38400 Baud
	3 -> 57600 Baud
	4 -> 115200 Baud (default)

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: x <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Transmission rate

# 6.9.2 BAR - Transmission rate RS485

When switching over, the response is already transmitted with the changed transmission rate.

Transmit: BAR [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Transmission rate, a =
	0 -> 9600 Baud
	1 -> 19200 Baud
	2 -> 38400 Baud
	3 -> 57600 Baud
	4 -> 115200 Baud (default)

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Transmission rate



# 6.9.3 BAI - Transmission rate IFxxx

If the VGC094 is operated with the Profibus interface board IF300P, the transmission rate must be set to 19200 baud.

Transmit: BAI [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Transmission rate IFxxx, a =
	0 -> 1200 Baud
	1 -> 2400 Baud
	2 -> 4800 Baud
	3 -> 9600 Baud (default)
	4 -> 19200 Baud

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Transmission rate

# 6.9.4 ETH - Ethernet Configuration

With dynamic DHCP configuration, the parameters b, c and d are automatically determined and do not have to be specified.

Transmit: ETH [,a,bbb.bbb.bbb.bbb,ccc.ccc.ccc.ccc,ddd.ddd.ddd]

<CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,bbb.bbb.bbb.bbb.bbb.ccc.ccc.ccc,ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd <CR><LF>

	Description
а	DHCP (dynamic host configuration protocol),
	a =
	0 -> Static (default) 1 -> Dynamic
	1 -> Dynamic
ddd.ddd.ddd	IP address
ccc.ccc.ccc	Subnet address
ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd	Gateway address

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Receive: <ENQ>

Receive: a,bbb.bbb.bbb.bbb,ccc.ccc.ccc,ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd <CR><LF>

	Description
а	DHCP
bbb.bbb.bbb	IP address
ccc.ccc.ccc	Subnet address
ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd	Gateway address

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# 6.9.5 NAD - Node Address (unit address) for RS485

Transmit: NAD [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

Description

a Unit address, a = 1 ... 24 (1 = default)

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Unit address

The node address is used to address the devices if several devices are connected via a bus. Only the device that was addressed once with <ESC> a responds. If another device is to respond, it must be addressed. The remaining devices release the bus.

Transmit: <ESC>a

76



# 6.10 Data Logger Parameters



The group is only available when a USB memory stick formatted for the the FAT file system (FAT32) is plugged in. Use memory sticks with max. 32 GB.

6.10.1 **DAT** - Date

Transmit: DAT [,yyyy-mm-dd] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: yyyy-mm-dd <CR><LF>

yyyy-mm-dd Current date in the format yyyy-mm-dd

# 6.10.2 LCM - Start / Stop Data Logger



Further processing of recorded data (e.g. with Excel), pay attention to the corresponding country-specific decimal separator (comma or dot).

Transmit: LCM [,a,b,c,dddddddd,e] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,dddddddd,e <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Data logger command, a =
	0 -> Stop / recording stopped
	1 -> Start / recording running
	2 -> Clear / deletion of measurement data file from USB memory stick
b	Data logging interval, b =
	0 -> Recording interval 1 s
	1 -> Recording interval 10 s
	2 -> Recording interval 30 s
	3 -> Recording interval 60 s
	4 –> With measurement value change ≥1%
	5 –> With measurement value change ≥5%
С	Decimal separator, c =
	0 -> , (decimal comma) (default)
	1 -> . (decimal point)
dddddddd	File name (max. 8 characters)
е	Recording mode, e =
	0 -> Manual (default)
	1 -> Automatic

6.10.3 TIM - Time

Transmit: TIM [,hh:mm] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: hh:mm <CR><LF>

	Description
hh:mm	Current time in the format hh:mm [24 hours]



### 6.11 Group Setup



The group is only available when a USB memory stick formatted for the the FAT file system (FAT32) is plugged in. Use memory sticks with max. 32 GB.

6.11.1 SCM - Store / Load Parameters (USB)

Transmit: **SCM** [,a,b] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>
Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description

a Setup parameters, a =
0 -> Storage completed (read only)
1 -> Loading all parameters from the VGC094 the to the
USB memory stick
2 -> Loading all parameters from the USB memory stick to
the VGC094
3 -> Formatting USB memory stick (FAT32)
4 -> Deleting parameter files (extension .CSV) from the
USB memory stick
b Number in file name (0 ... 99)

### 6.12 Test Parameters

(For service personnel)

6.12.1 ADC - A/D Converter Test

Transmit: ADC <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aa.aa,bb.bb,cc.cc,dd.dd <CR><LF>

	Description
aa.aa	A/D converter channel A1 Measurement signal [0.00 11.00 V]
bb.bb	A/D converter channel A2 Measurement signal [0.00 11.00 V]
cc.cc	A/D converter channel B1 Measurement signal [0.00 11.00 V]
dd.dd	A/D converter channel B2 Measurement signal [0.00 11.00 V]

6.12.2 CDA - Re-calibration

Transmit: CDA [,yyyy-mm-dd] <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: yyyy-mm-dd <CR><LF>

	Description
yyyy-mm-dd	Date of next re-calibration.
	If the date was reached, a warning is displayed.



### 6.12.3 DIS - Display Test

Transmit: DIS [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

Description

a Display test, a =

0 -> Stops test - display matches operating mode (default)

1 -> Starts test - all LEDs on

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: x < CR><LF>

Description
a Display test status

### 6.12.4 EEP - EEPROM Test

Test of the parameter memory.

Transmit: **EEP** <CR>[<LF>]
Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ> Starts the test (duration <1 s)



Do not repeat the test continuously (EEPROM life).

Receive: aaaa <CR><LF>

Description
aaaa Error word

### 6.12.5 EPR - FLASH Test

Test of the program memory.

Transmit: **EPR** <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>
Transmit: <ENQ> Starts the test (very brief)

Receive: aaaa <CR><LF>

Description
aaaa Error word

# 6.12.6 HDW - Hardware Version

Transmit: **HDW** <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a.aa <CR><LF>

Description

a.aa Hardware version, e.g. 1.00



### 6.12.7 IOT - I/O Test



### Caution



The relays switch irrespective of the pressure.

Starting a test program may cause unwanted effects in connected control systems.

Disconnect all sensor cables and control system lines to ensure that no control commands or messages are triggered by mistake.

Transmit: IOT [,a,bb] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description				
а	Test status, a =				
	0 -> Test stopped				
	1 –> Test runnning				
bb	Relay status (in hex format), bb =				
	00 -> All relays deactivated				
	01 -> Switching function relay 1 activated				
	02 -> Switching function relay 2 activated				
	04 -> Switching function relay 3 activated				
	08 -> Switching function relay 4 activated				
	10 -> Error relay activated				
	1F -> All relays activated				

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,bb <CR><LF>

Description

a I/O test status

bb Relay status

Example: 14 = Switching function relay 3 and error relay activated

### 6.12.8 LOC - Keylock

Transmit: LOC [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Keylock, a = 0 -> Off (default) 1 -> On
	0 -> Off (default)
	1 -> On
	2 -> On 1) (only via interface)

1) If the input lock was activated via the interface with a=2, it can only be deactivated again via the interface.

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Keylock status



6.12.9 MAC - Ethernet MAC Address

Transmit: MAC <CR>[<LF>]
Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aa-aa-aa-aa-aa <CR><LF>

Description

aa-aa-aa-aa-aa

Ethernet MAC address of the VGC094:
00-A0-41-xx-xx-xx

6.12.10 PNR - Firmware Version

Transmit: PNR <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a.aa <CR><LF>

Description

a.aa Firmware version, e.g. 1.00

6.12.11 RHR - Operating Hours

Transmit: RHR <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Run (operating) hours, e.g. 24 [hours]

6.12.12 TKB - Operator Keys

**Test** 

Transmit: **TKB** <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: abcd <CR><LF>

	Description
а	Key 1, a =
	0 -> Not pushed
	1 -> Pushed
b	Key 2, b =
	0 -> Not pushed
	1 -> Pushed
С	Key 3, c =
	0 -> Not pushed
	1 -> Pushed
d	Key 4, d =
	0 -> Not pushed
	1 -> Pushed



### **6.12.13 TLC** - Torr Lock

Transmit: **ILC** [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

	Description
а	Torr lock, a =
	Torr lock, a = 0 -> Off (default)
	1 -> On

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>
Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Torr lock status

# 6.12.14 WDT - Watchdog Control

Transmit: WDT [,a] <CR>[<LF>]

Description

a Watchdog control, a =
0 -> Manual error acknowledgement
1 -> Automatic error acknowledgement <sup>1)</sup> (default)

 $^{1)}$  If the watchdog has responded, the error is automatically acknowledged and cleared after 2 s.

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>
Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description
a Watchdog control

### 6.13 Further Parameters

### 6.13.1 AYT - Are you There?

Transmit: AYT <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a,b,c,d,e <CR><LF>

	Description	
а	Type of the unit, e.g. VGC094	
b Model No. of the unit, e.g. 398-401		
С	Serial No. of the unit, e.g. 100	
d	Firmware version of the unit, e.g. 1.00	
е	Hardware version of the unit, e.g. 1.00	



6.13.2 **SME** - Show Me

Transmit: **SME** <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: a <CR><LF>

Description

a 0 -> Visualization off

1 -> Visualization on: The backlight of the addressed controller flashes for 5 seconds.

6.13.3 TMP - Inner
Temperature of the Unit

Inner temperature of the VGC094.

Transmit: TMP <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aa <CR><LF>

Description

aa Temperature (±2 °C) [°C]

6.13.4 VBT - Battery Voltage

Transmit: **VBT** <CR>[<LF>]

Receive: <ACK><CR><LF>

Transmit: <ENQ>

Receive: aaaa <CR><LF>

Description

aaaa Battery voltage [mV]
Nominal value: 3 V



### 6.14 Example



"Transmit (T)" and "Receive (R)" are related to Host.

T: TID <CR> [<LF>]
Request for gauge identification
Positive acknowledgement
Request for data transmission
R: PI300D,CP300Cx9,IF300x <CR> <LF>
Gauge identifications

T: SEN <CR> [<LF>] Request for gauge statuses
R: <ACK> <CR> <LF> Positive acknowledgement
T: <ENQ> Request for data transmission

R: 0,0,0,0 <CR> <LF> Gauge statuses

T: **SP1** <CR> [<LF>] Request for parameters of switching function 1

(setpoint 1)

R: <ACK> <CR> <LF> Positive acknowledgement Request for data transmission

R: 1.0E-09,9.0E-07,2 <CR> <LF> Thresholds

T: \$P1,6.8E-3,9.8E-3,2 <CR> [<LF>] Modification of parameters of switching func-

tion 1 (setpoint 1)

R: <ACK> <CR> <LF> Positive acknowledgement

T: FOL, 1,2,2,2 <CR> [<LF>] Modification of filter time constant (syntax error)

R: <NAK> <CR> <LF>
Negative acknowledgement
T: <ENQ>
R: 0001 <CR> <LF>
ERROR word

T: FIL, 1,2,2,2 <CR> [<LF>] Modification of filter time constant

R: <ACK> <CR> <LF> Positive acknowledgement
T: <ENQ> Request for data transmission

R: 1,2,2,2 <CR> <LF> Filter time constants



### 7 Maintenance

Cleaning the VGC094

For cleaning the outside of the unit a slightly moist cloth will usually do. Do not use any aggressive or scouring cleaning agents.



Battery replacement

The product contains a battery (type CR2032, service life >10 years) in order to maintain the data integrity of the real-time clock. Battery replacement is necessary if the real-time clock repeatedly shows an incorrect date. Please contact your local INFICON service center.

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 (2021-11)
 VGC094.om



### 8 Troubleshooting

Signalization of errors

The error is shown in the dot matrix and the error relay opens (connection  $CONTOL \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  17).

Error messages

	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
SENSOR ERROR CH1	Interruption or instability in sensor line or connector (Sensor error).
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗇 key.
	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
WATCHDOG ERROR	The VGC094 has been turned on too fast after power off.
	Acknowledge with the  key. If the watchdog is set to Auto, the VGC094 acknowledges the message automatically after 2 s (→  50).
	The watchdog has tripped because of a severe electric disturbance or an operating system error.
	⇒ Acknowledge with the , key.  If the watchdog is set to
	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
UART ERROR	Error in UART.
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗇 key.
	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
PROGRAM CORRUPT	Program memory error (FLASH).
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗇 key.
	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
DATA CORRUPTED	Parameter memory error (EEPROM).
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗇 key.
NICOLOU EDDOD	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
DISPLAY ERROR	Display driver error.
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗓 key.
	Possible cause and remedy/acknowledgement
FATAL ERROR	General, serious error
	⇒ Acknowledge with the 🗇 key.

Technical support



If the problem persists after the message has been acknowledged several times and/or the gauge has been exchanged, please contact your nearest INFICON service center.



### 9 Repair

Return defective products to your nearest INFICON service center for repair. INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty is rendered null and void if repair work is carried out by the end-user or by third parties.

### 10 Accessories

Туре	Description	Ordering No.
PI300D	Pirani measurement board	IG 546 920-T
PI300DN Pirani measurement board		IG 549 214-T
PE300DC9	Pirani / cold cathode measurement board (Index B and higher)	IG 441 375-T
CP300C9	Pirani / cold cathode measurement board (Index B and higher)	IG 441 000-T
CP300C10	Pirani / cold cathode measurement board (Index B and higher)	IG 441 114-T
CP300T11	Pirani / cold cathode measurement board (Index B and higher)	IG 441 080-T
CP300T11L	Pirani / cold cathode measurement board (Index A and higher)	IG 441 120-T
IF300A	Interface and relay board (RS232C)	IG 441 130-T
IF300B	Interface and relay board (RS232C)	IG 441 250-T
IF300C	Interface and relay board (RS422)	IG 441 390-T
IF300P	Interface and relay board (Profibus)	IG 441 395-T
IF301P	Interface and relay board (Profibus)	IG 441 396-T
IF500PN	F500PN Interface board (Profinet)	
	Mating connector, D-sub for IF300A	BG 441 128-T
	Mating connector, D-sub for IF300A / IF300C	BG 441 129-T
	Relay connector cpl. for IF300B	BG 546 999-T
	Interface cable 0.4 m for IF300B	BG 548 932-T
	Mating connector, D-sub for IF300C (RS422)	
	Blanking panel for measurement boards	BG 441 259
	Blanking panel for interface and relay boards	BG 441 017

### 11 Storage



### Caution



Electronic components.

Inappropriate storage (static electricity, humidity etc.) may damage electronic components.

Store the product in an antistatic bag or container. Observe the relevant specifications under Technical Data ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  10).



### 12 Disposal



### **WARNING**



Substances detrimental to the environment.

Products or parts thereof (mechanical and electric components, operating fluids etc.) may be detrimental to the environment.

Please dispose of such materials in accordance with the relevant local regulations.

After disassembling the product, separate its components in electronic and non-electronic components and recycled.

88



## **Appendix**

### A: Conversion Tables

### Weights

	kg	lb	slug	oz
kg	1	2.205	68.522×10 <sup>-3</sup>	35.274
lb	0.454	1	31.081×10 <sup>-3</sup>	16
slug	14.594	32.174	1	514.785
oz	28.349×10 <sup>-3</sup>	62.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.943×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1

### Pressures

	N/m², Pa	Bar	mBar, hPa	Torr	at
N/m², Pa	1	10×10 <sup>-6</sup>	10×10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>	9.869×10 <sup>-6</sup>
Bar	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	1	10 <sup>3</sup>	750.062	0.987
mBar, hPa	100	10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	750.062×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.987×10 <sup>-3</sup>
Torr	133.322	1.333×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.333	1	1.316×10 <sup>-3</sup>
at	101.325×10 <sup>3</sup>	1.013	1.013×10 <sup>3</sup>	760	1

# Pressure units used in the vacuum technology

	mBar	Bar	Pa	hPa	kPa	Torr mm HG
mBar	1	1×10 <sup>-3</sup>	100	1	0.1	0.75
Bar	1×10 <sup>3</sup>	1	1×10 <sup>5</sup>	1×10 <sup>3</sup>	100	750
Pa	0.01	1×10 <sup>-5</sup>	1	0.01	1×10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>
hPa	1	1×10 <sup>-3</sup>	100	1	0.1	0.75
kPa	10	0.01	1×10 <sup>3</sup>	10	1	7.5
Torr mm HG	1.332	1.332×10 <sup>-3</sup>	133.32	1.3332	0.1332	1

 $1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N/m}^2$ 

### Linear measurements

	mm	m	inch	ft
mm	1	10 <sup>-3</sup>	39.37×10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.281×10 <sup>-3</sup>
m	10 <sup>3</sup>	1	39.37	3.281
inch	25.4	25.4×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1	8.333×10 <sup>-2</sup>
ft	304.8	0.305	12	1

### Temperature

	Kelvin	Celsius	Fahrenheit
Kelvin	1	°C+273.15	(°F+459.67)×5/9
Celsius	K-273.15	1	5/9×°F-17.778
Fahrenheit	9/5×K-459.67	9/5×(°C+17.778)	1



# B: Measurement Signal vs. Pressure

Pirani gauges, 0 10 V	→ 🖺 90
Pirani gauges, 4 20 mA	→ 🗎 91
Measurement plug-in board CP300C9, 0 10 V	→ 🗎 92
Measurement plug-in board CP300C9, 4 20 mA	→ 🗎 93
Measurement plug-in board CP300C10, 0 10 V	→ 🗎 94
Measurement plug-in board CP300C10, 4 20 mA	→ 🗎 95
Measurement plug-in board CP300T11/T11L, 0 10 V	→ 🗎 96
Measurement plug-in board CP300T11/T11L, 4 20 mA	→ <b>■</b> 97

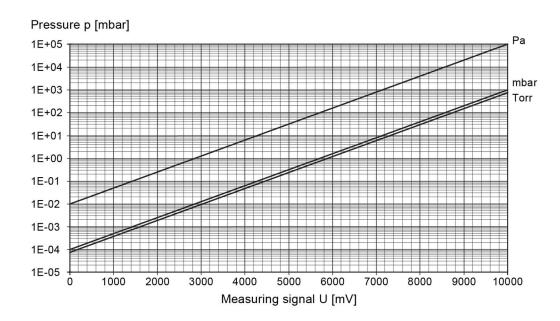
### B 1: Pirani Gauges, 0 ... 10 V

Conversion formulae

$p = c \times 10^{(0.7 \times 0)}$	valid in range:
	1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> mbar < p < 1000 mbar
$U = 10/7 \times (\log p - \log c)$	7.5 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> Torr 1 × 10 <sup>-2</sup> Pa 5 Pa

where	Measuring signal (output voltage) U	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit)
	[V]	[mbar]	1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>
	[V]	[Pa]	0.01
	[V]	[kPa]	1 × 10 <sup>5</sup>
	[V]	[Torr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>
	[V]	[mTorr]	0.075

### Conversion curve





### B 2: Pirani Gauges, 4 ... 20 mA

Conversion formulae

$$p = d \times 10^{(7/16 \times 1)}$$

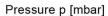
valid in range:

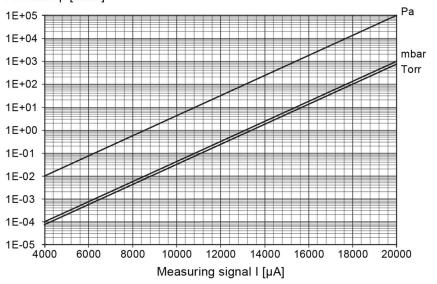
$$I = 16/7 \times (\log p - \log d)$$

1 × 10<sup>-4</sup> mbar 7.5 × 10<sup>-5</sup> Torr 1 × 10<sup>-2</sup> Pa 5</sup> Pa

where	Measuring signal (output current) I	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit)
	[mA]	[mbar]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
	[mA]	[Pa]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>
	[mA]	[kPa]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-7</sup>
	[mA]	[Torr]	1.334 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>
	[mA]	[mTorr]	1.334 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>

Conversion curve







# B 3: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300C9, 0 ... 10 V

Conversion formulae

$$p = c \times 10^{(0.7 \times U)}$$

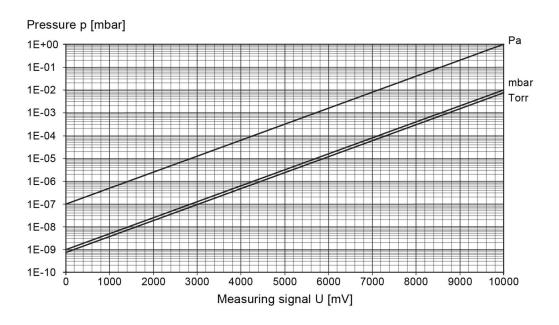
valid in range:

$$U = 10/7 \times (\log p - \log c)$$

1 × 10<sup>-9</sup> mbar -2</sup> mbar 7.5 × 10<sup>-10</sup> Torr -3</sup> Torr 1 × 10<sup>-7</sup> Pa < p < 1 Pa

where	Measuring signal (output voltage) U	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit)
	[V]	[mbar]	1 × 10 <sup>-9</sup>
	[V]	[Pa]	1 × 10 <sup>-7</sup>
	[V]	[kPa]	1 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	[V]	[Torr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	[V]	[mTorr]	$7.5 \times 10^{-7}$

### Conversion curve





### B 4: **Measurement Plug-In** Board CP300C9, 4 ... 20 mA

Conversion formulae

 $p = d \times 10^{(7/16 \times 1)}$ 

 $I = 16/7 \times (\log p - \log d)$ 

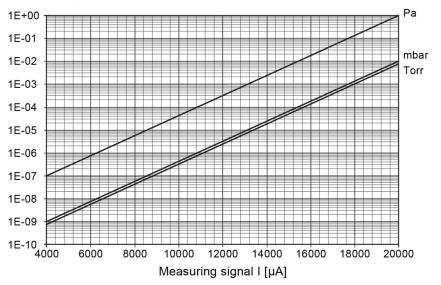
valid in range:

 $1 \times 10^{-9}$  mbar 1 \times 10^{-2} mbar 7.5 ×  $10^{-10}$  Torr 7.5 \times 10^{-3} Torr  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  Pa < p < 1 Pa

where	Measuring signal (output current) I	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit)-
	[mA]	[mbar]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-11</sup>
	[mA]	[Pa]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-9</sup>
	[mA]	[kPa]	1.778 × 10 <sup>-12</sup>
	[mA]	[Torr]	1.334 × 10 <sup>-11</sup>
	[mA]	[mTorr]	1.334 × 10 <sup>-8</sup>

Conversion curve

### Pressure p [mbar]





### **B 5: Measurement Plug-In** Board CP300C10, 0 ... 10 V

Conversion formulae

$$p = c \times 10^{(0.8 \times U)}$$

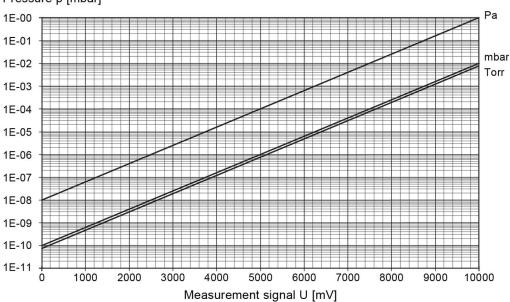
 $U = 1.25 \times (\log p - \log c)$ 

valid in range:

where	Measuring signal (output voltage) U	Pressure p	Constant (depending in pressure unit)
	[V]	[mbar]	1 × 10 <sup>-12</sup>
	[V]	[Pa]	1 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	[V]	[kPa]	1 × 10 <sup>-13</sup>
	[V]	[Torr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-13</sup>
	[V]	[mTorr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>

### Conversion curve

### Pressure p [mbar]





### B 6: **Measurement Plug-In** Board CP300C10, 4 ... 20 mA

Conversion formulae

 $p = d \times 10^{(0.5 \times I)}$ 

 $I = 2 \times (\log p - \log d)$ 

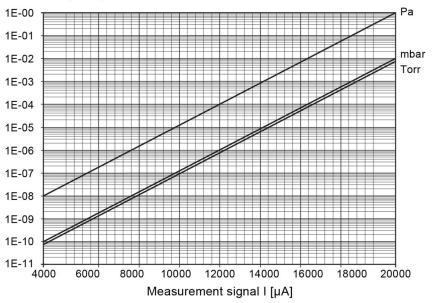
valid in range:

 $1 \times 10^{-10}$  mbar 1 \times 10^{-2} mbar 7.5 ×  $10^{-11}$  Torr 7.5 \times 10^{-3} Torr  $1 \times 10^{-8}$  Pa 1 Pa

where	Measuring signal (output current) I	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit)
	[mA]	[mbar]	1 × 10 <sup>-12</sup>
	[mA]	[Pa]	1 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	[mA]	[kPa]	1 × 10 <sup>-13</sup>
	[mA]	[Torr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-13</sup>
	[mA]	[mTorr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-10</sup>

Conversion curve

### Pressure p [mbar]





### B 7: Measurement Plug-In Board CP300T11/T11L, 0 ... 10 V

Conversion formulae

$$p = c \times 10^{(0.9 \times U)}$$

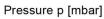
valid in range:

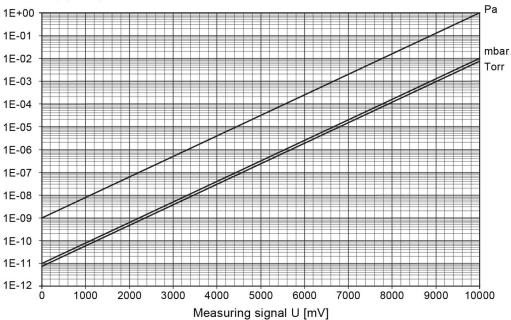
 $U = 10/9 \times (log p - log c)$ 

1 × 10<sup>-11</sup> mbar -2</sup> mbar 7.5 × 10<sup>-12</sup> Torr -3</sup> Torr 1 × 10<sup>-9</sup> Pa < p < 1 Pa

where	Measuring signal (output signal U	Pressure p	Constant (depending on pressure unit) c
	[V]	[mbar]	1 × 10 <sup>-11</sup>
	[V]	[Pa]	1 × 10 <sup>-9</sup>
	[V]	[kPa]	1 × 10 <sup>-12</sup>
	[V]	[Torr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-12</sup>
	[V]	[mTorr]	7.5 × 10 <sup>-9</sup>

### Conversion curve







### B 8: **Measurement Plug-In** Board CP300T11/T11L, 4 ... 20 mA

Conversion formulae

 $p = d \times 10^{(9/16 \times I)}$ 

 $I = 16/9 \times (\log p - \log d)$ 

[mA]

[mA]

valid in range:

 $4.215 \times 10^{-14}$ 

 $4.215 \times 10^{-11}$ 

 $1 \times 10^{-11}$  mbar 1 \times 10^{-2} mbar 7.5 ×  $10^{-12}$  Torr 7.5 \times 10^{-3} Torr  $1 \times 10^{-9}$  Pa 1 Pa

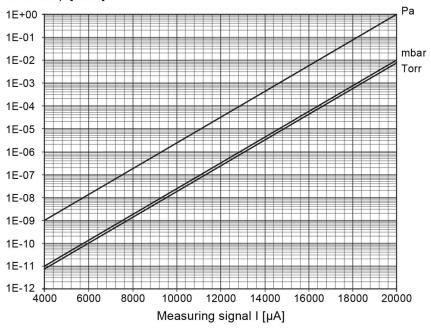
where Measuring signal (output current) Pressure Constant (depending on pressure) d р  $5.620 \times 10^{-14}$ [mA] [mbar]  $5.620 \times 10^{-12}$ [mA] [Pa] [mA] [kPa]  $5.620 \times 10^{-15}$ 

[Torr]

[mTorr]

Conversion curve

### Pressure p [mbar]





### C: Firmware Update



If your VGC094 firmware needs updating, e.g. for implementing a new gauge type, please contact your nearest INFICON service center.

A firmware update is possible

- · via a USB memory stick (type A connector on the front of the unit), or
- with the USB Update Tool via the USB type B connector on the rear of the unit.

#### **User Parameters**

Most of the settings you may have made in the Parameter mode will not be affected by a firmware update. However, we recommend that you save the parameters before an update ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  47).

## Firmware update with a USB memory stick (type A)



Not all USB memory sticks are automatically recognized by the VGC094, as they (particularly cheaper brands) do not always conform to USB standard specifications. Try a different memory stick before contacting your nearest INFICON service center.

- Download two files with the ending ".S19" and ".CNF" from our website "www.inficon.com" to a USB memory stick.
- 2 Switch off the unit.
- 8 Plug in the memory stick and then turn on the unit.
- The update occurs automatically in the following steps:

BOOTING

Very brief.

Very brief.

Very brief.

Old firmware is being deleted from the unit.

UPDATING FW...

UPDATE COMPLETE

Very brief.

Very brief.

Update completed.

- Remove the memory stick and the unit will restart automatically.
- 6 If necessary, customer-specific settings saved before the update may now be resaved to the unit (→ 

  47).

## Firmware update with USB Update Tool (USB type B)

Precondition: Windows XP, 7, 8 or 10 operating system



During firmware update, no USB memory stick should be connected on the front of the unit.



If a virtual serial interface (COM) is not automatically established, you may download and then install the driver from the website "https://ftdichip.com/drivers/vcp-drivers/".

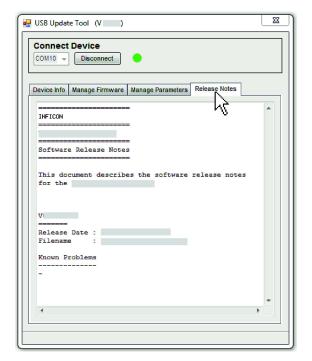
- Download the USB UpdateTool from our website "www.inficon.com" or copy it from the enclosed CD ROM.
- Connect the unit to the PC using a type A/B USB cable.



Start USB UpdateTool, select the COM interface from the menu and click on <Connect>.



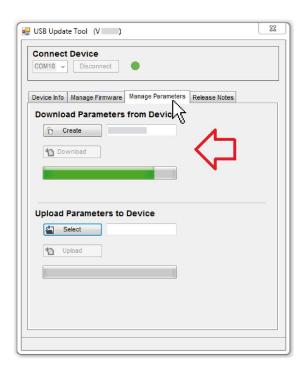
4 Click on <Release Notes> tab page to view the software release notes.



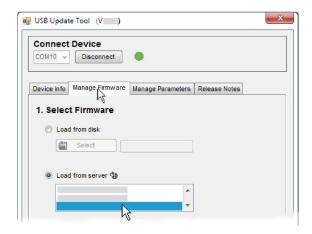
 tinb68e1
 (2021-11)
 VGC094.cm
 99



We recommend that you download the parameters on the <Manage Parameters> tab page before an update.

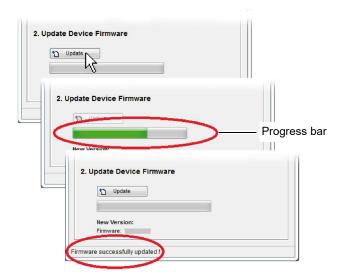


- 6 Click the <Manage Firmware> tab page, select firmware ...
  - Option <Load from disk>: Download a copy of the firmware from our website "www.inficon.com". Then, select the appropriate folder in the update tool.
  - Option <Load from server>: The update tool connects to the update server. Select the desired firmware version from the selection list.





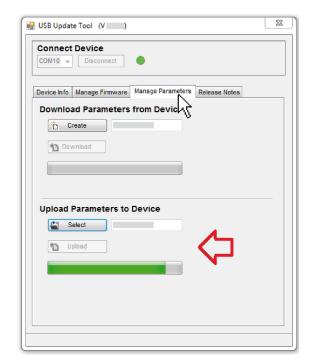
... and click <Update>: The firmware is updated.



If the update was not successful, try again.



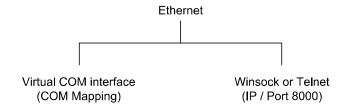
**7** Upload parameters back to device.





### D: Ethernet Configuration

The VGC094 can be connected via the virtual COM interface or via Winsock / Telnet.



Virtual COM interface (COM Mapping)

The user program (e.g. terminal program, LabView, etc.) must support serial interfaces. Under Microsoft Windows operating systems the VGC094 is listed as a virtual COM interface.

The virtual COM interfaces allow you to access each program that supports serial interfaces (e.g. terminal program, LabView, etc.).



Please contact your network administrator, before starting Ethernet configuration.



Your operating system should be updated first. Additionally, administrator rights are required.

# D 1: Connect the VGC094 to a Network

With registration

- **D** Readout the MAC address of the VGC094 ( $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{B}$  49).
- The VGC094 should be registered in the network by the network administrator. After registration ask him for the Ethernet parameters (IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY, NETMASK and DHCP).
- Configuring the VGC094:
  - Save all VGC094 parameters on a USB memory stick ("SAVE SETUP",  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{B}$  47).
  - Set the Ethernet parameters (IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY, NETMASK and DHCP) in the saved CSV file on the memory stick.

  - Connect the VGC094 with an Ethernet patch cable to the network.
- Search for the VGC094 in the network using the Ethernet Configuration Tool and assign it to a virtual COM interface (→ 

  102).
- Start the program for communication with the VGC094 and connect it to the assigned COM interface.



### Without registration

- If unknown, ask the network administrator for the Ethernet parameters (IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY, NETMASK and DHCP).
- Configuring the VGC094:

  - Set the Ethernet parameters (IP ADDRESS, GATEWAY, NETMASK and DHCP) in the saved CSV file on the memory stick.

  - Connect the VGC094 with an Ethernet patch cable to the network.
- Search for the VGC094 in the network using the Ethernet Configuration Tool and assign it to a virtual COM interface (→ 🖺 102).
- Start the program for communication with the VGC094 and connect it to the assigned COM interface.

# D 2: Connect the VGC094 to a Computer

Computer with DHCP server

- Connect the VGC094 to a computer ...
  - with a crossover Ethernet cable,
  - · via a switch, or
  - with an Ethernet patch cable (precondition: the interface is auto MDI-X capable).
- The DHCP server assigns automatically an IP address.
  Precondition: DHCP = ON
- Search for the VGC094 in the network using the Ethernet Configuration Tool and assign it to a virtual COM interface (→ 🗎 102).
- Start the program for communication with the VGC094 and connect it to the assigned COM interface.

## Computer without DHCP server

- Set the following Ethernet parameters in the saved CSV file on the memory stick:

IP ADDRESS: 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.2 for a second unit, and so on)

NETMASK: 255.255.0.0 DHCP: OFF

**Solution** Load the modified parameters onto the VGC094 ("RESTORE SETUP", → 

↑ 47).



- Connect the VGC094 to a computer ...
  - with a crossover Ethernet cable,
  - · via a switch, or
  - with an Ethernet patch cable (precondition: the interface is auto MDI-X capable).
- Search for the VGC094 in the network using the Ethernet Configuration Tool and assign it to a virtual COM interface (→ 

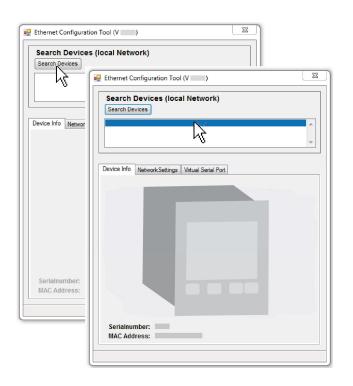
  102).
- Start the program for communication with the VGC094 and connect it to the assigned COM interface.

# D 3: Ethernet Configuration Tool

With the Ethernet Configuration Tool, a virtual serial interface (COM) can be assigned to an IP address. In addition, it allows configuration of the Ethernet interface via a computer.

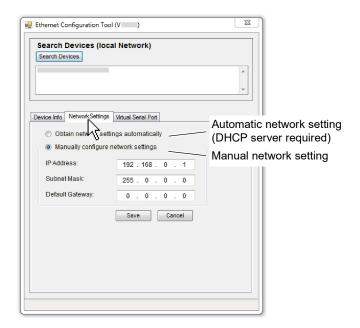
Precondition: Windows 7, 8 or 10 operating system (does not work on Windows XP)

- Download the Ethernet Configuration Tool from our website "www.inficon.com" or copy it from the enclosed CD ROM.
- Start the Ethernet Configuration Tool and click on <Search Devices>: The tool searches the local network for connected devices and lists the devices found in the selection window. The <Device Info> tab page shows basic information about the selected device.

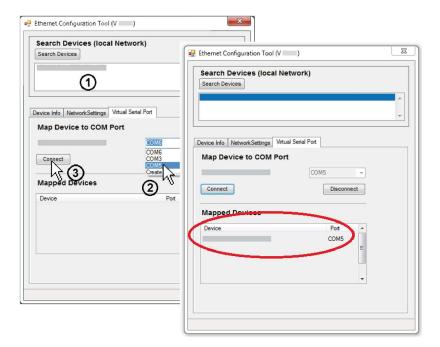




The <Network Settings> tab page is where the automatic or manual network settings are configured.

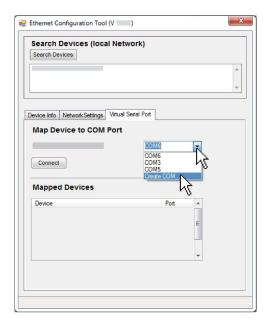


On the <Virtual Serial Port> tab page, you can assign a separate COM Port to each device, and/or ...





... generate a new COM Port.





### E: Literature

Operating Manual
Plug-In Boards for Total Pressure Gauge Controller TPG300, VGC094
IG5972BEN
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

Operating Manual
 Pirani Gauges PSG010, PSG017, PSG018
 tinb71e1
 INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

[3] Operating Manual
Cold Cathode Gauge MAG050, MAG060, MAG070
tinb43e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

[4] Operating Manual
Cold Cathode Gauge MAG084
tinb81e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

[5] Communication protocol
Profibus-DP Interface Board for Total Pressure Gauge Controller
TPG300, VGC094
IG3973BEN
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

[6] Communication protocol
Profinet Interface Board for Total Pressure Gauge Controller VGC094
tirb68e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

### **ETL Certification**



### **ETL LISTED**

The product VGC094

- conforms to the UL Standards UL 61010-1:2012 Ed.3+R:19Jul2019 and UL 61010-2-030:2012 Ed.1 +R:16Sep2016
- is certified to the CAN/CSA Standards CSA C22.2#61010-1-12:2012 Ed.3 +U1;U2;A1 and CSA C22.2#61010-2-030:2018 Ed.2



### **EU Declaration of Conformity**



We, INFICON, hereby declare that the equipment mentioned below complies with the provisions of the following directives:

- 2014/35/EU, OJ L 96/357, 29.3.2014

  (Low Voltage Directive; Directive relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits)
- 2014/30/EU, OJ L 96/79, 29.3.2014 (EMC Directive; Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility)
- 2011/65/EU, OJ L 174/88, 1.7.2011
   (RoHS Directive; Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)

**Product** 

# Vacuum Measurement and Control Unit for Compact Gauges VGC094

Standards

Harmonized and international/national standards and specifications:

- EN 61000-3-2:2014, Class A (EMC: limits for harmonic current emissions)
- EN 61000-3-3:2013 (EMC: limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker)
- EN 61000-6-1:2007

  (EMC: generic immunity for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments)
- EN 61000-6-2:2005
   (EMC: generic immunity standard for industrial environments)
- EN 61000-6-4:2007 + A1:2011 (EMC: generic emission standard for industrial environments)
- EN 61010-1:2010 + A1:2019
   (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61010-2-030:2010 (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2013; Group 1, Class A (EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

Manufacturer / Signatures

INFICON AG, Alte Landstraße 6, LI-9496 Balzers

29 July 2020

29 July 2020

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Notes

109



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