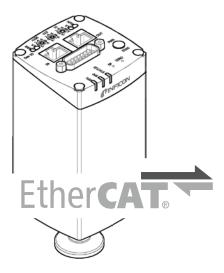


Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge Edge™ CDG025D2



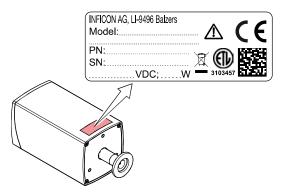
CE

Operating Manual Incl. EC Declaration of Conformity



Product Identification

In all communications with INFICON, please specify the information given on the product nameplate. For convenient reference copy that information into the space provided below.

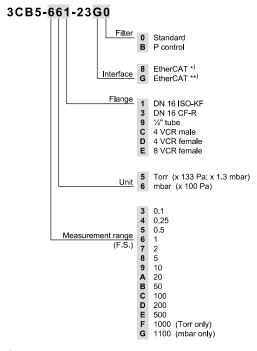


Validity

This document applies to products of the EdgeTM CDG025D2 series.

Part numbers of standard products are indicated below. OEM products have other part numbers and different parameter settings (e.g. factory setting of setpoint) as defined in the corresponding ordering information.

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*) ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0

**) ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0



The part number (PN) can be taken from the product nameplate. If not indicated otherwise in the legends, the illustrations in this document correspond to gauges with DN 16 ISO-KF vacuum connection. They apply to the other gauges by analogy. We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice

Intended Use

The Capacitance Diaphragm Gauges of the CDG025D2 series are intended for absolute pressure measurement of gases in their respective pressure ranges ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 2). They are clean room compliant and double protected against contamination.

The gauges belong to the Edge[™] family and can be operated in connection with an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller (VGC series) or another appropriate controller.

Functional Principle

A ceramic diaphragm is deflected by pressure. The deflection is measured capacitively and converted into an analog linear output signal by the digital electronics.

The output signal is independent of the gas type.

Trademarks

Edge[™] INFICON GmbH VCR[®] Swagelok Marketing Co.

Patents

EP 1070239 B1, 1040333 B1 US Patents 6528008, 6591687, 7107855, 7140085



Scope of Delivery

- 1× gauge in clean room packaging 1× pin for adjusting settings via buttons
- 1x Calibration Test Report
- 1x Operating Manual German
- 1x Operating Manual English



Contents

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For cross-references within this document, the symbol ($\rightarrow \boxtimes XY$) is used, for cross-references to further documents, listed under "Further Information", the symbol ($\rightarrow \bigsqcup [Z]$).



1 Safety

1.1 Symbols Used



Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.

WARNING

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.

Caution

Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.



<...> Labeling

of the product.

1.2 Personnel Qualifications





1.3 General Safety Instructions

- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for the process media used.
 Consider possible reactions with the product materials.
- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.
- Before beginning to work, find out whether any vacuum components are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

1.4 Liability and Warranty

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if the end-user or third parties

- · disregard the information in this document
- · use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the product documentation.

The end-user assumes the responsibility in conjunction with the process media used.

Gauge failures due to contamination are not covered by the warranty.



2 Technical Data

Measurement range	\rightarrow "Validity"
Accuracy ¹⁾ ≥1 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 0.25 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 0.1 Torr/mbar (F.S.)	0.20% of reading 0.25% of reading 0.50% of reading
Temperature effect on zero ≥10 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 1 / 2 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (F.S.)	0.0050% F.S./ °C 0.015% F.S./ °C 0.020% F.S./ °C
Temperature effect on span ≥1 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (F.S.)	0.01% of reading / °C 0.03% of reading / °C
Resolution	0.003% F.S.
Gas type dependence	none
Output signal analog (measuring signal)	
Voltage range	−5 … +10.24 V (limited to +10.24 V)
Measuring range	0 +10 V
Relationship voltage-pressure	linear
Output impedance	0 Ω (short-circuit proof)
Loaded impedance	>10 kΩ
Response time ²⁾	
≥0.25 Torr/mbar (F.S.)	30 ms
0.1 Torr/mbar (F.S.)	130 ms
Gauge identification	Resistance 13.2 k Ω referenced to supply common (Voltage at pin 10 \leq 5 V)

¹⁾ Non-linearity, hysteresis, repeatability in the calibrated range at 25 °C ambient operating temperature without temperature effects after operation of 2 h.

2) Increase 10 ... 90 % F.S.R.

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Remote Zero Adjust	digital input for zero adjust- ment with external switching contact (\rightarrow \cong 24)
External switching contact Pulse	30 V (dc) / <5 mA (dc) >1 s <5 s
Switching functions	SP1, SP2
Setting range	0 +10 V
Hysteresis	1% F.S.
Relay contact	30 V (dc) / ≤0.5 A (dc) floating (NO)
closed	at low pressure (LED is lit)
open	at high pressure (LED is off)
Switching time	≤50 ms
Status relay	
Relay contact	30 V (dc)/ ≤0.5 A (dc) connected to supply com- mon (pin 5)
closed	measurement mode warning
open	no supply voltage error
RS232C interface	
Transmission rate	9600 baud
Data format	binary
	8 data bits
	one stop bit
	no parity bit
	no handshake → "Power Connection"
For further information on the RS2	,
Diagnostic port	Jack connector, 2.5 mm, 3-pin

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EtherCAT interface Specification, data format, communication protocol	
3CB5-xxx-23 8 x	→ 🕮 [8], [9]
3CB5-xxx-23 G x	→ 🛄 [10], [11]
Data rate	100 Mbps
Note address	explicit device identification
Physical layer	100Base-Tx (IEEE 802.3)
EtherCAT connector	2×RJ45, 8-pin, socket input and output
Cable	8-pin, shielded, Ethernet Patch Cable (CAT5e quality or higher)
Cable length	≤100 m
For further information on the Ethe	erCAT interface $\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7].

Supply

	STOP DANGER		
	plies, instruments or c to the requirements of low voltage (PELV) ar	be connected to power sup- ontrol devices that conform a grounded protective extra- id limited power source onnection to the gauge has to	
Supply volt		Class 2 / LPS	
at the ga	luge	+14 +30 V (dc) or ±15 V (±5%)	
Ripple		≤1 V _{pp}	
Current consumption		<500 mA	
		(max. starting current)	
Power cons			
(depending on supply voltage)		≤3 W	

³⁾ INFICON controllers fulfill this requirement.



Fuse required 3)

1 AT (slow), automatic reset (Polyfuse)

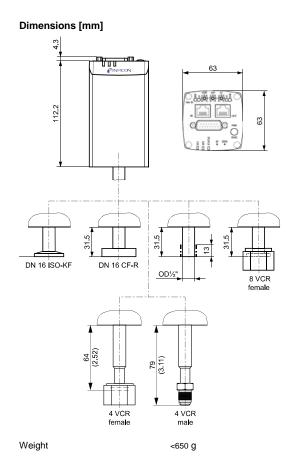
The gauge is protected against reverse polarity of the supply voltage and overload.

Electrical connection	D-sub 15-pin, male
Sensor cable	15-pin plus shielding
Cable length	
Supply voltage 15 V	\leq 4 m (0.14 mm ² /conductor) \leq 7 m (0.25 mm ² /conductor)
Supply voltage 24 V	≤20 m (0.14 mm²/conductor) ≤35 m (0.25 mm²/conductor)
Supply voltage 30 V	≤40 m (0.14 mm²/conductor) ≤70 m (0.25 mm²/conductor)

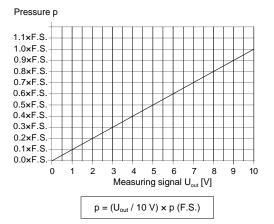
For longer cables, larger conductor cross-sections are required (R_{cable} \leq 1.0 Ω).

Materials exposed to vacuumFlange, tubestainless steel AISI 316Sensor and diaphragmceramics (Al $_2O_3 \ge 99.5\%$ Internal volume $\le 4.2 \text{ cm}^3$ Admissible pressure (absolute) $\ge 200 \text{ Torr/mbar (F.S.)}$ 1 100 Torr/mbar (F.S.)4 bar 400 kPa	
Sensor and diaphragmceramics ($Al_2O_3 \ge 99.5\%$ Internal volume $\le 4.2 \text{ cm}^3$ Admissible pressure (absolute) $\ge 200 \text{ Torr/mbar (F.S.)}$ 4 bar 400 kPa	
Internal volume ≤4.2 cm ³ Admissible pressure (absolute) ≥200 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 4 bar 400 kPa	δL
Admissible pressure (absolute) ≥200 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 4 bar 400 kPa	6)
≥200 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 4 bar 400 kPa	
1 100 Torr/mbar (E.S.) 2.6 bar 260 kPa	
0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (F.S.) 1.3 bar 130 kPa	
Bursting pressure (absolute) 6 bar 600 kPa	
Admissible temperatures	
Storage -40 °C +65 °C	
Operation +5 °C +50 °C	
Bakeout (not in operation) ≤110 °C at the flange	
Relative humidity ≤80% at temperatures ≤+31 °C decreasing to at +40°C	50%
Use indoors only, altitude u 2000 m NN	o to
Degree of protection IP 40	

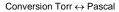
NFICON







Analog Measurement Signal vs. Pressure



	Torr	mbar 4)	Pa ⁴⁾
с	1.00	1013.25 / 760 = 1.3332	101325 / 760 = 133.3224

Example: Gauge with 10 Torr F.S. Measurement signal $U_{out} = 6 V$

⁴⁾ Source: NPL (National Physical Laboratory) Guide to the Measurement of Pressure and Vacuum, ISBN 0904457x / 1998



Installation

3

Fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts. Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.

3.1 Vacuum Connection



Overpressure in the vacuum system >1 bar Injury caused by released parts and harm caused by escaping process gases can result if clamps are opened while the vacuum system is pressurized.

Do not open any clamps while the vacuum system is pressurized. Use the type clamps which are suited to overpressure.



STOP DANGER

Overpressure in the vacuum system >2.5 bar

KF flange connections with elastomer seals (e.g. O-rings) cannot withstand such pressures. Process media can thus leak and possibly damage your health.

Use O-rings provided with an outer centering ring.





STOP DANGER

Protective ground

Products that are not correctly connected to ground can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault.

Electrically connect the gauge to the grounded vacuum chamber. This connection must conform to the requirements of a protective connection according to EN 61010:

- CF and VCR flanges fulfill this requirement.
- For gauges with a KF flange, use a conductive metallic clamping ring.
- For gauges with a ½" tube, take appropriate measures to fulfill this requirement.



Vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

Caution

Dirt sensitive area

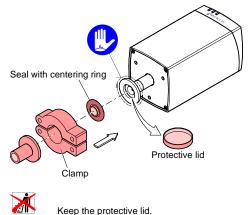
Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.



Mount the gauge so that no vibrations occur. The gauge may be mounted in any orientation. To keep condensates and particles from getting into the measuring chamber preferably choose a horizontal to upright position and possibly use a seal with a centering ring and filter. If adjustment should be possible after the gauge has been installed, be sure to install it so that the buttons can be accessed with a pin (\rightarrow \mathbb{B} 23).

Remove the protective lid and connect the product to the vacuum system.





3.2 Power Connection

F

Make sure the vacuum connection is properly made ($\rightarrow \cong 16$).

 \ 						
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		÷.	N. 1	9	-	n

The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extralow voltage (PELV) and limited power source (LPS), Class 2. The connection to the gauge has to be fused ⁵⁾.



Ground loops, differences of potential, or EMC problems may affect the measurement signal. For optimum signal quality, please do observe the following notes:

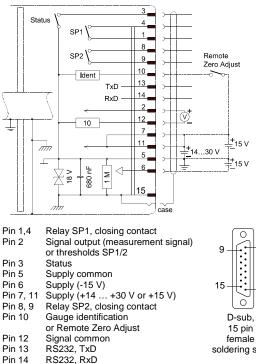
- Use an overall metal braided shielded cable. The connector must have a metal case.
- Connect the cable shield to ground at one side via the connector case. Make sure the connector case has direct contact to the cable's shield on its whole circumference. Do not connect the other side of the shield.
- Connect the supply common with protective ground directly at the power.
- Use differential measurement input (signal common and supply common conducted separately).
- Potential difference between supply common and housing ≤18 V (overvoltage protection).

⁵⁾ INFICON controllers fulfill this requirement.



3.2.1 D-sub, 15-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable (cable length and conductor cross-sections $\rightarrow \ge 13$).



- Pin 15 Housing (chassis ground)
- case Connector case



1

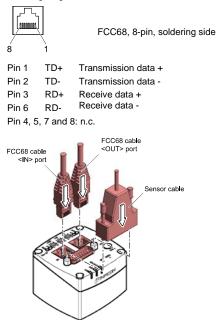
8



3.2.2 EtherCAT Connector

EtherCAT is a communications interface. It is powered via the sensor cable.

If no EtherCAT cables are available, make them according to the following diagram. Connect the EtherCAT cables.





4 Operation

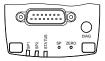
Put the gauge into operation. If you are using an INFICON controller of the VGC40x series, define the measurement range $(\rightarrow \square [1], [2], [3])$.

Warm-up time

- for general purpose reading (within specifications) >¼ hour
- for zero adjustment and precision measurement >2 hours

If the gauge is used for fast downstream pressure control we recommend setting its signal filter to "fast". The filter can be set via the RS232C interface, the diagnostic port ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]) or via EtherCAT ($\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]).

4.1 Status Indication



LED	LED status	Meaning
<status></status>	off	no supply voltage
	lit solid green	measurement mode
	blinking green short blinks	warning, over/underrange
	lit solid red	error
<sp1></sp1>	lit green green	p ≤ setpoint 1
	blinking green	waiting for setpoint 1 input
	off	p > setpoint 1
<sp2></sp2>	lit solid green	p ≤ setpoint 2
	blinking green	waiting for setpoint 2 input
	off	p > setpoint 2

PP



EtherCAT LEDs $\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]

4.2 Zeroing the Gauge

The gauge is factory calibrated while "standing upright" $(\rightarrow$ "Calibration Test Report").



We recommend performing a zero adjustment, when the gauge is operated for the first time.

Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur and zero adjustment may become necessary.

For adjusting the zero, operate the gauge under the same constant ambient conditions and in the same mounting orientation as normally.

The output signal (measuring signal) is depending on the mounting orientation. The signal difference between the vertical and horizontal mounting orientation is:

F.S.	∆U / 90°
1000 Torr/mbar	≈2 mV
100 Torr/mbar	≈10 mV
10 Torr/mbar	≈50 mV
1 Torr/mbar	≈300 mV
0.1 Torr/mbar	≈1.8 V



If the gauge is operated via a controller, the zero of the whole measuring system has to be adjusted on the controller: first, adjust the zero of the gauge and then. the zero of the controller.

4.2.1 <ZERO> Adjustment

The zero can be adjusted via

T.

- the <ZERO> button on the gauge.
- the diagnostic port ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]),
- the EtherCAT interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]),
- the digital input "Remote Zero": Apply the supply voltage to pin 10, pulse $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 11,
- the RS232C interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]),
- an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller (VGC series).

While the gauge is under atmospheric pressure, the zeroing function is locked in order for operating errors to be prevented.

Evacuate the gauge to a pressure according to the table below:

		Recommended final pressure for		
	F.S.		zero adjustme	ent
1100	mbar	-	<7×10 ⁰ hPa	<7×10 ⁻² mbar
1000	Torr	<5×10 ⁻² Torr	<7×10 ⁰ hPa	-
500	Torr/mbar	<2.5×10 ⁻² Torr	<3×10 ⁰ hPa	<3×10 ⁻² mbar
200	Torr/mbar	<10 ⁻² Torr	<1×10 ⁻⁰ hPa	<1×10 ⁻² mbar
100	Torr/mbar	<5×10 ⁻³ Torr	<7×10 ⁻¹ hPa	<7×10 ⁻³ mbar
50	Torr/mbar	<2.5×10 ⁻³ Torr	<3×10 ⁻¹ hPa	<3×10 ⁻³ mbar
20	Torr/mbar	<10 ⁻³ Torr	<1×10 ⁻¹ hPa	<1×10 ⁻³ mbar
10	Torr/mbar	<5×10 ⁻⁴ Torr	<7×10 ⁻² hPa	<7×10 ⁻⁴ mbar
5	Torr/mbar	<2.5×10 ⁻⁴ Torr	<3×10 ⁻² hPa	<3×10 ⁻⁴ mbar
2	Torr/mbar	<10 ⁻⁴ Torr	<1×10 ⁻² hPa	<1×10 ⁻⁴ mbar
1	Torr/mbar	<5×10 ⁻⁵ Torr	<7×10 ⁻³ hPa	<7×10 ⁻⁵ mbar
0.5	Torr/mbar	<2.5×10 ⁻⁵ Torr	<3×10 ⁻³ hPa	<3×10 ⁻⁵ mbar
0.25	Torr/mbar	<10 ⁻⁵ Torr	<1×10 ⁻³ hPa	<1×10 ⁻⁵ mbar
0.1	Torr/mbar	<5×10 ⁻⁶ Torr	<7×10 ⁻⁴ hPa	<7×10 ⁻⁶ mbar

If the final pressure is too high for zero adjustment (>25% of the F.S.), the zero cannot be reached and the <STATUS> LED blinks green. If this is the case, activate the factory setting and adjust the zero again ($\rightarrow B 31$).

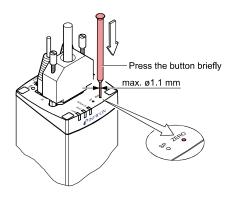




Operate the gauge for at least 2 hours under constant ambient conditions (until the signal is stable).



Briefly press the <ZERO> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm). The zero adjustment runs automatically. The <STATUS> LED blinks until the adjustment (duration ≤8 s) is completed.





After zero adjustment, the gauge automatically returns to the measurement mode.

The <STATUS> LED blinks green if

- the signal output is negative (< -20 mV) when the final pressure has been attained
- the zero adjustment has failed.

<ZERO> Adjustment with Ramp Function 4.2.2

The ramp function allows to adjust the zero at a known reference pressure within the measurement range of the gauge.



It also permits to adjust an offset of the characteristic curve in order to

- compensate for the offset of the measuring system or
- obtain a slightly positive zero for a 0 ... 10 V AD converter.

The offset should not exceed 2% of the F.S. (+200 mV). At a higher positive offset, the upper limit of the measurement range is exceeded



Zero adjustment using the ramp function can be performed via

- the <ZERO> button on the gauge,
- the diagnostic port ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]),
- the EtherCAT interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]),
- the RS232C interface (→ □ [5]).



Recommended procedure for adjusting the offset of a measuring system: \rightarrow Notice \cong 23.

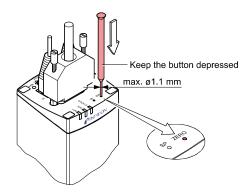


Operate the gauge for at least 2 hours under constant ambient conditions (until the signal is stable).



Push the <ZERO> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm) and keep it depressed. The <STATUS> LED starts blinking. After 5 s, the zero adjustment value, starting at the current output value, keeps continually changing (ramp) until the button is released or until the setting limit (max. 25% F.S.) is reached. The corresponding output signal is delayed by about 1 s.

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B Push the <ZERO> button again:

Fine adjustment within 03 s:	the zero adjustment value changes by one unit (push <zero> button in intervals of 1 s)</zero>
Change of direction within 35 s:	the zero adjustment changes its direction (the blinking frequency of the <status> LED changes briefly)</status>

If the <ZERO> button is released for more than 5 s, the gauge returns to the measurement mode.

The <STATUS> LED blinks green if the signal output is negative (< -20 mV).



4.3 Switching Functions

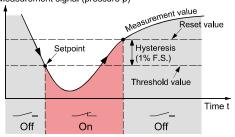
The two switching functions can be set to any pressure within the measurement range of the gauge (\rightarrow 15).

The current setpoint setting

- is output at the D-sub connector instead of the measurement signal (→
 ¹ 20) and can be measured with a voltmeter after the <SP> button is pressed, or
- can be read/written via EtherCAT, diagnostic port and the RS232C interface.

If the pressure is lower than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay $(\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 20)$ is energized.

Measurement signal (pressure p)





4.3.1 Adjusting the Setpoints



The setpoints can be adjusted via

- the buttons on the gauge.
- the diagnostic port ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]),
- the EtherCAT interface ($\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]),
- the RS232C interface (→ □ [5]). DANGER



Malfunction

If processes are controlled via the signal output, keep in mind that by pushing the <SP> button the measurement signal is suppressed and the corresponding threshold value is output instead. This can cause malfunctions

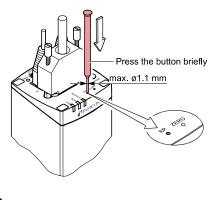
Push the <SP> button only if you are sure that no malfunction will cause

Adjusting Setpoint <1>



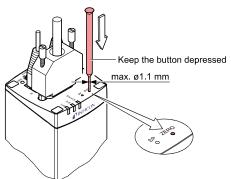
Push the <SP> button with a pin (max. ø1.1 mm). The gauge changes to the switching function mode and outputs the current threshold value at the measurement value output for about 10 s (LED <1> blinks).

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2 For changing the threshold value, push the <ZERO> button and keep it depressed. The threshold keeps changing from the current value (ramp) until the button is released or until the limit of the setting range is reached.







B Push the <ZERO> button again:

Fine adjustment within 03 s:	the zero adjustment value changes by one unit
Change of direction within 35 s:	the zero adjustment changes its direction (the blinking frequency of the <status> LED changes briefly)</status>



If the <ZERO> button is released for more than 5 s, the gauge returns the measurement mode.

1 PP

The upper threshold is automatically set 1% F.S. above the lower one (hysteresis).

Adjusting Setpoint <2>

Push the <SP> button twice (the LED <2> blinks). The adjustment procedure is the same as for setpoint <1>.

44 Activating the Factory Setting (Factory Reset)

All user defined parameters (e.g. zero, filter) are restored to their default values



Loading of the default parameters is irreversible.

Loading the default parameters:



• Put the gauge out of operation.

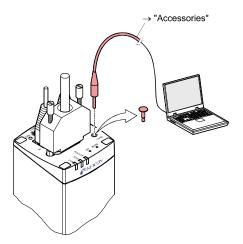


Keep the <ZERO> button depressed for at least 5 s while the gauge is being put into operation (Power ON).



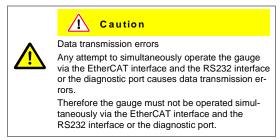
4.5 Diagnostic Port (RS232C Interface)

The diagnostic port <DIAG> permits to output the pressure reading and all status information and to enter all settings at the same time ($\rightarrow \square$ [5]).





4.6 EtherCAT Operation



For operating the gauge via EtherCAT, prior installation of the device specific ESI file is required on the bus master side. This file can be downloaded from our website (www.inficon.com).

Explicit Device Address Setting (default 00hex)

During device initialization, the device address switches are read by the device firmware. This device address is supported to the master as Explicit Device Identification.



The explicit device address is set in hexadecimal form (00 ... FFF_{hex}) via the <x100>, <x10> and <x1> switches.

Example: Device address = 0xDDD (dec 3549): 0x100 * 0xD (dec 3328) + 0x10 * 0xD (dec 208) + 0x1 * 0xD (dec 13)



Status LED

LEDs on the gauge inform on the gauge status and the current EtherCAT status ($\rightarrow \square$ [6], [7]).

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Deinstallation

5

Fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts.

Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.

OP DANGER

Contaminated parts

Caution

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

0

Vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.





Dirt sensitive area

Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.



• Vent the vacuum system.



Put the gauge out of operation.



3 Unfasten the lock screws and disconnect the sensor cable and the EtherCAT cables.

4 Remove the gauge from the vacuum system and install the protective lid.

6 Maintenance, Repair

Under clean operating conditions, the product requires no maintenance.



Gauge failures due to contamination are not covered by the warranty.

We recommend checking the zero at regular intervals (→ 🖹 24).

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if any repair work is carried out by the end-user or third parties.



Returning the Product

Forwarding contaminated products

Contaminated products (e.g. radioactive, toxic, caustic or microbiological hazard) can be detrimental to health and environment.

Products returned to INFICON should preferably be free of harmful substances. Adhere to the forwarding regulations of all involved countries and forwarding companies and enclose a duly completed declaration of contamination ⁷.

Form under www.inficon.com

Products that are not clearly declared as "free of harmful substances" are decontaminated at the expense of the customer. Products not accompanied by a duly completed declaration of contamination are returned to the sender at his own expense.

7



Disposal

8

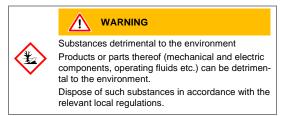
TOP DANGER



Contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.



Separating the components

After disassembling the product, separate its components according to the following criteria:

Contaminated components

Contaminated components (radioactive, toxic, caustic or biological hazard etc.) must be decontaminated in accordance with the relevant national regulations, separated according to their materials, and disposed of.

· Other components

Such components must be separated according to their materials and recycled.



Accessories

9

Communication adapter (2 m)⁶⁾

Ordering number 303-333

Further Information

⊞ [1]	Operating Manual Vacuum Gauge Controller VGC032 tinb02d1 (German) tinb02e1 (English) INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
□ [2]	Operating Manual Single-Channel Controller VGC401 tinb01d1 (German) tinb01e1 (English) INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
□ [3]	Operating Manual Two- & Three-Channel Measurement and Control Unit VGC402, VGC403 tinb07d1 (German) tinb07e1 (English) INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

⁶⁾ The diagnostic software (Windows NT, XP) can be downloaded from our website.



- [4] Operating Manual One-, Two- & Three-Channel Measurement and Control Unit <u>VGC501, VGC502, VGC503</u> tina96d1 (German) tina96e1 (English) INFICON AG. LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [5] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol RS232C Interface tira49d1 (German) tira49e1 (English) INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [6] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol EtherCAT CDGxxxDxx (ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0) tira68e1 INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [7] www.inficon.com Communication Protocol EtherCAT CDGxxxDxx (ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0) tirb45e1 INFICON AG, LI–9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein
- [B] ETG.5003.1 S (R) V1.0.0: Semiconductor Device profile - Part 1: Common Device Profile (CDP)
- [9] ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 2080: Specific Device Profile (SDP): Vacuum Pressure Gauge
- □ [10] ETG.5003.1 S (R) V1.1.0: Semiconductor Device profile - Part 1: Common Device Profile (CDP)
- [11] ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 2080: Specific Device Profile (SDP): Vacuum Pressure Gauge



ETL Certification



ETL LISTED

The product Edge™ CDG025D2

- conforms to the UL Standard
 UL 61010-1
- is certified to the CSA Standard CSA C22.2 # 61010-1



EC Declaration of Conformity

We, INFICON, hereby declare that the equipment mentioned CE below complies with the provisions of the Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility 2014/30/EU and the Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment 2011/65/EU.

Products

Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge Edge™ CDG025D2

Standards

Harmonized and international/national standards and specifications:

- EN 61000-6-2:2005 (EMC: generic immunity standard) •
- EN 61000-6-3:2007 + A1:2011 (EMC: generic emission • standard)
- EN 61010-1:2010 (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326:2013, Group 1, Class B (EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

Manufacturer / Signatures

INFICON AG. Alte Landstraße 6. LI-9496 Balzers

20 July 2016

Antreano []. Wildi

Dr. Bernhard Andreaus Director Product Evolution

20 July 2016

Michael Wildi Product Manager



Notes



Notes





LI–9496 Balzers Liechtenstein Tel +423 / 388 3111 Fax +423 / 388 3700 reachus@inficon.com

www.inficon.com