

Operating Manual
Incl. EU Declaration of Conformity

Edge[®] CDG025D2

Capacitance Diaphragm Gauge

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Symbol for cross-references within this document:

→  XY

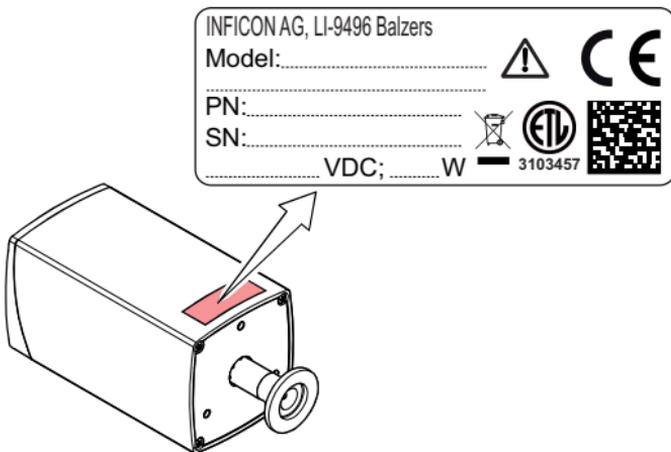
Symbol for references to literature list:

→  [Z]

1 General

1.1 Product Identification

In all communications with INFICON, please specify the information on the product nameplate.



1.2 Validity

This document applies to products of the Edge® CDG025D2 series.

Part numbers of standard products are indicated below. OEM products have other part numbers and different parameter settings (e.g. factory setting of setpoint) as defined in the corresponding ordering information.

3CB5-661-23G0

Filter	0	Standard
	B	P control
Interface	8	EtherCAT *)
	G	EtherCAT **)
Flange	1	DN 16 ISO-KF
	3	DN 16 CF-R
	9	½" tube
	C	4 VCR male
	D	4 VCR female
	E	8 VCR female
Unit	5	Torr (× 133 Pa; × 1.3 mbar)
	6	mbar (× 100 Pa)
Full scale (FS)	3	0.1
	4	0.25
	5	0.5
	6	1
	7	2
	8	5
	9	10
	A	20
	B	50
	C	100
	D	200
	E	500
	F	1000 (Torr only)
	G	1100 (Mbar only)

*) ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0

***) ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0

The part number (PN) can be taken from the product nameplate.

If not indicated otherwise in the legends, the illustrations in this document correspond to gauges with the DN 16 ISO-KF vacuum connection. They apply to the other gauges by analogy.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.

1.3 Intended Use

The Capacitance Diaphragm Gauges of the Edge® CDG025D2 series are intended for absolute pressure measurement of gases in their respective pressure ranges. They are clean room compliant and double protected against contamination.

The gauges belong to the Edge® family and can be operated in connection with an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller (VGC series) or another appropriate controller.

1.4 Functional Principle

A ceramic diaphragm is deflected by pressure. The deflection is measured capacitively and converted into an analog linear output signal by the digital electronics.

The output signal is independent of the gas type.

1.5 Trademarks

Edge® INFICON Holding AG
VCR® Swagelok Marketing Co.

1.6 Patents

EP 1070239 B1, 1040333 B1
US Patents 6528008, 6591687, 7107855, 7140085

2 Safety

2.1 Symbols Used



DANGER

Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.



WARNING

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.



Caution

Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.



Notice

<...> Labeling

2.2 Personnel Qualifications



Skilled personnel

All work described in this document may only be carried out by persons who have suitable technical training and the necessary experience or who have been instructed by the end-user of the product.

2.3 General Safety Instructions

- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for the process media used.
Consider possible reactions with the product materials.
- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.
- Before beginning to work, find out whether any vacuum components are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.
- The device must not be connected to the Internet.

Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

2.4 Liability and Warranty

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if the end-user or third parties

- disregard the information in this document
- use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the corresponding product documentation.

The end-user assumes the responsibility in conjunction with the process media used.

Gauge failures due to contamination are not covered by the warranty.

3 Technical Data

Measurement range	→ "Validity"
Accuracy ¹⁾	
≥0.5 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.20% of reading
0.25 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.25% of reading
0.1 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.50% of reading
Temperature effect on zero	
≥5 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.0050% FS/ °C
0.5 / 1 / 2 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.015% FS/ °C
0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.020% FS/ °C
Temperature effect on span	
≥0.5 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.01% of reading / °C
0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (FS)	0.03% of reading / °C
Resolution	0.003% FS
Gas type dependence	none
Output signal analog (measurement signal)	
Measurement range	0 ... +10 V
Voltage range (limited to +10.24 V)	-5 ... +10.24 V
Voltage vs. pressure	linear
Output impedance	0 Ω (short-circuit proof)
Loaded impedance	>10 kΩ
Response time ²⁾	
≥0.5 Torr/mbar (FS)	30 ms
≤0.25 Torr/mbar (FS)	130 ms / 30 ms ³⁾

¹⁾ Non-linearity, hysteresis, repeatability in the calibrated range at 23 °C ambient operating temperature without temperature effects after operation of 2 h.

²⁾ Increase 10 ... 90% FS.

³⁾ 30 ms only for P control types.

Gauge identification Resistance R_{ident}	13.2 k Ω referenced to supply common
Remote Zero Adjust External switching contact Puls	digital input for zero adjustment with external switching contact 30 V (dc) / <5 mA (dc) >1 s ... <5 s
Switching function Setting range Hysteresis Relay contact closed open Switching time	SP1, SP2 0 ... +10 V 1% FS 30 V (dc) / ≤ 0.5 A (dc) floating (NO) at low pressure (LED on) at high pressure (LED off) ≤ 50 ms
Status relay Relay contact closed open	30 V (dc) / ≤ 0.5 A (dc) connected to supply common (pin 5) measurement mode, warning no supply voltage, error
RS232C interface Transmission rate Data format	9600 Baud binary, 8 data bits, one stop bit, no parity bit, no handshake
For further information on the RS232C interface →  [5]	
Diagnostic port, connection	Jack connector, 2.5 mm, 3-pin

EtherCAT interface	
Specification, data format, communication protocol	
3CB5-xxx-238x	→  [8], →  [9]
3CB5-xxx-23Gx	→  [10], →  [11]
Transmission rate	100 Mbps
Note address	explicit device identification
Interface, physical	100Base-Tx (IEEE 802.3)
EtherCAT connector	2×RJ45, 8-pin, socket, input and output
Cable	8-pin, shielded, Ethernet Patch Cable (CAT5e quality or higher)
Length	≤100 m
For further information on the EtherCAT interface →  [5]	

Supply



DANGER

The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extra-low voltage (PELV) and limited power source (LPS), Class 2.

- The connection to the gauge has to be fused ⁴⁾.

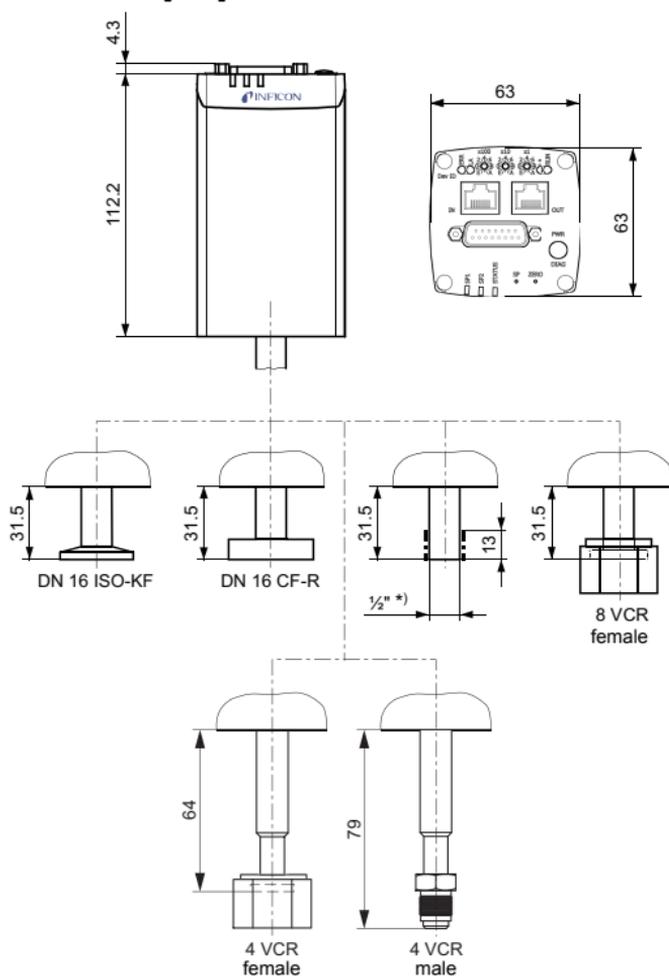
Supply voltage at the gauge	Class 2 / LPS +14 ... +30 V (dc) or ±15 V (±5%)
Ripple	≤1 V _{pp}
Current consumption (max. starting current)	<500 mA

⁴⁾ INFICON controllers fulfill these requirements.

Power consumption (depending on supply voltage)	≤3 W
Fuse to be connected ⁴⁾	1 AT (slow), automatic re-set (Polyfuse)
The gauge is protected against reverse polarity of the supply voltage.	
Receptacle	D-sub 15-pin, male
Sensor cable	15-pin plus shielding
Cable length	
Supply voltage 15 V	≤4 m (0.14 mm ² /conductor), ≤7 m (0.25 mm ² /conductor)
Supply voltage 24 V	≤20 m (0.14 mm ² /conductor), ≤35 m (0.25 mm ² /conductor)
Supply voltage 30 V	≤40 m (0.14 mm ² /conductor), ≤70 m (0.25 mm ² /conductor)
For longer cables, larger conductor cross-sections are required ($R_{\text{cable}} \leq 1.0 \Omega$).	
Grounding concept	→ "Power Connection"
Materials exposed to vacuum	ceramics (Al ₂ O ₃ ≥99.5%), stainless steel AISI 316L
Internal volume	≤6.8 cm ³
Leak rate	<1×10 ⁻⁹ mbar l/s
Admissible pressure (absolute)	
≥200 Torr/mbar (FS)	4 bar
0.5 ... 100 Torr/mbar (FS)	2.6 bar
0.1 / 0.25 Torr/mbar (FS)	1.3 bar
Bursting pressure (absolute)	6 bar
Admissible temperature	
Storage	-40 °C ... +65 °C
Operation	+5 °C ... +50 °C
Bakeout	≤110 °C at the flange

Relative humidity	≤80% at temperatures ≤+31 °C, decreasing to 50% at +40 °C
Use	≤80% at temperatures ≤+31 °C, decreasing to 50% at +40 °C
Pollution degree	2
Degree of protection	IP40

Dimensions [mm]



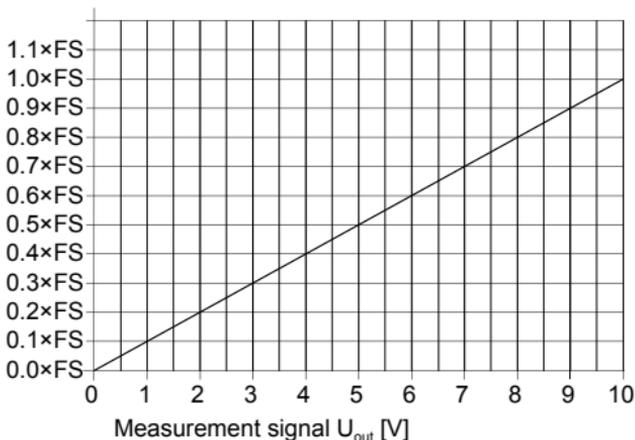
*) outer diameter

Weight

552 g ... 622 g

Analog Measurement Signal vs. Pressure

Pressure p



$$p = (U_{out} / 10 \text{ V}) \times p(\text{FS})$$

Conversion Torr \leftrightarrow Pascal

Torr	mbar ⁵⁾	Pa ⁵⁾
1:00	1013.25 / 760 = 1.3332...	101325 / 760 = 133.3224...

Example: Gauge with 10 Torr FS
Measurement signal $U_{out} = 6 \text{ V}$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= (6 \text{ V} / 10 \text{ V}) \times 10 \text{ Torr} \\ &= 0.6 \times 10 \text{ Torr} = \mathbf{6 \text{ Torr}} \end{aligned}$$

⁵⁾ Source: NPL (National Physical Laboratory)
Guide to the Measurement of Pressure and Vacuum, ISBN 0904457x / 1998

4 Installation



WARNING

Fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts.

- Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.



DANGER

Leaking process media

High-intensity mechanical, chemical or thermal impacts can cause leaks in the measuring sensor. Process media can thus leak and possibly cause hazards, if overpressure is in the vacuum system.

- Avoid high-intensity mechanical, chemical or thermal impacts and overpressure in the vacuum system.
- Take appropriate measures (e.g. shut off gas supply, extraction, leak test) to avoid hazards or damage due to leaking process media.

4.1 Vacuum Connection



DANGER

Overpressure in the vacuum system >1 bar

Injury caused by released parts and harm caused by escaping process gases can result if clamps are opened while the vacuum system is pressurized.

- Do not open any clamps while the vacuum system is pressurized. Use the type of clamps which are suited to overpressure.

**DANGER**

Overpressure in the vacuum system >2.5 bar
KF flange connections with elastomer seals (e.g. O-rings) cannot withstand such pressures. Process media can thus leak and possibly damage your health.

- Use O-rings provided with an outer centering ring.

**DANGER**

Protective ground

Products that are not correctly connected to ground can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault. The gauge must be electrically connected to the grounded vacuum chamber. This connection must conform to the requirements of a protective connection according to EN 61010:

- CF and VCR connections fulfill this requirement.
- For gauges with a KF vacuum connection, use a conductive metallic clamping ring.
- For gauges with a 1/2" tube, take appropriate measures to fulfill this requirement.

**Caution**

Vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

- When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

**Caution**

Dirt sensitive area

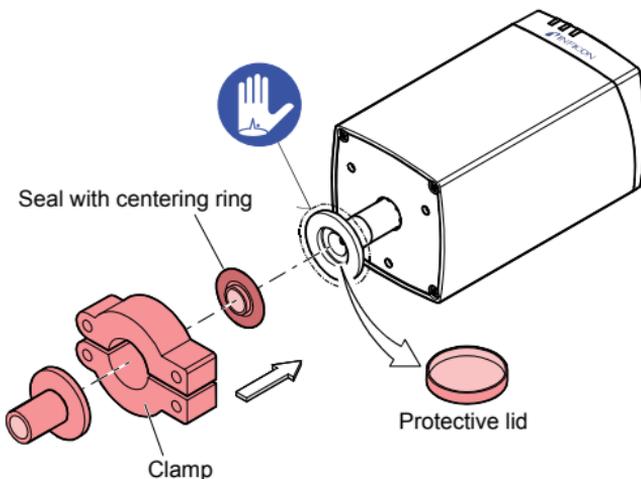
Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

- Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.



Mount the gauge so that no vibrations occur. The gauge may be mounted in any orientation. To keep condensates and particles from getting into the measuring chamber preferably choose a horizontal to upright position and possibly use a seal with a centering ring and filter. If adjustment should be possible after the gauge has been installed, be sure to install it so that the buttons can be accessed with a pin.

Remove the protective lid and connect the product to the vacuum system.



Keep the protective lid.

4.2 Power Connection



Make sure the vacuum connection is properly made.



DANGER

The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded protective extra-low voltage (PELV) and limited power source (LPS), Class 2.

- The connection to the gauge has to be fused ⁶⁾.



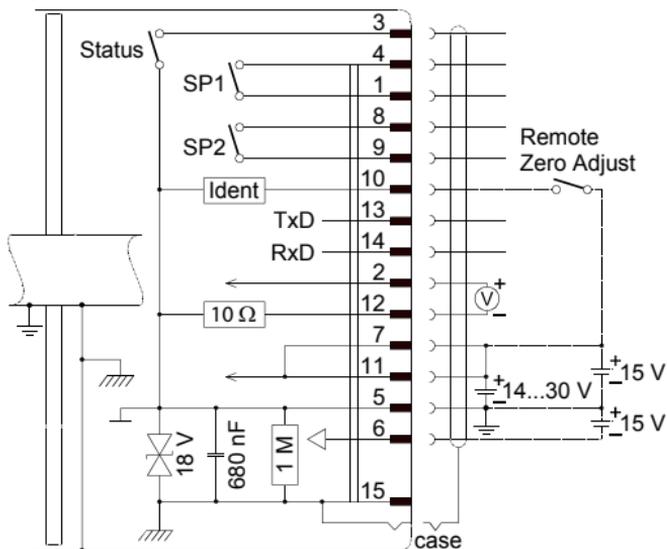
Ground loops, differences of potential, or EMC problems may affect the measurement signal. For optimum signal quality, please do observe the following notes:

- Use an overall metal braided shielded cable. The connector must have a metal case.
- Connect the cable shield to ground at one side via the connector case. Make sure the connector case has direct contact to the cable's shield on its whole circumference. Do not connect the other side of the shield.
- Connect the supply common with protective ground directly at the power.
- Use differential measurement input (signal common and supply common conducted separately).
- Potential difference between supply common and housing ≤ 18 V (overvoltage protection).

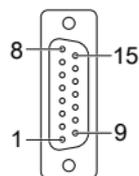
⁶⁾ INFICON controllers fulfill these requirements.

4.2.1 D-sub, 15-pin Connector

If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram. Connect the sensor cable.



Pin 1, 4	Relay SP1, closing contact
Pin 2	Signal output (measurement signal) or thresholds SP1/2
Pin 3	Status
Pin 5	Supply common
Pin 6	Supply (-15 V)
Pin 7, 11	Supply (+14...+30 V or +15 V)
Pin 8, 9	Relay SP2, closing contact
Pin 10	Gauge identification or Remote Zero Adjust
Pin 12	Signal common
Pin 13	RS232, TxD
Pin 14	RS232, RxD
Pin 15	Housing (Chassis Ground)
case	Connector case



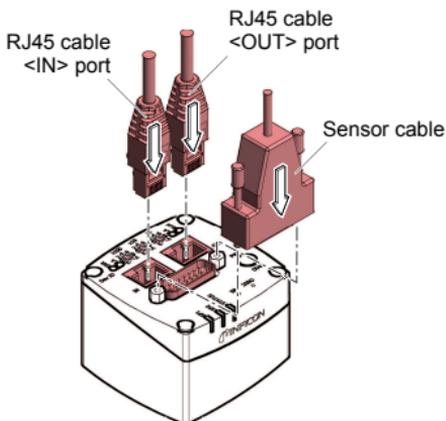
D-sub, 15-pin female soldering side

4.2.2 EtherCAT Connector

For operating the gauge via EtherCAT, an Ethernet Patch Cable (CAT5e quality) with RJ45 connector is required.

The device supports daisy-chained operation:

- From the previous device, the cable connected to the <OUT> port must be connected to the <IN> port of the gauge.
- And the cable from the <OUT> port of the gauge must be connected to the <IN> port of the next device.



5 Operation

Put the gauge into operation. If you are using an INFICON controller of the VGC40x series, define the measurement range.

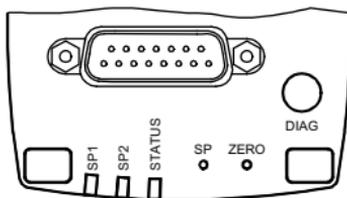
Warm-up time

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> for general purpose reading (within specifications) 	>¼ hour
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> for precision measurement and zero adjustment 	>2 hours



If the gauge is used for fast downstream pressure control we recommend setting its signal filter to "fast".

5.1 Status Indication



LED	LED status	Meaning
<STATUS>	off lit solid green blinking green short blinks long blinks lit solid red	no supply voltage measurement mode warning, over/underrange warming up error
<SP1>	lit green blinking green off	p ≤ setpoint 1 waiting for setpoint 1 input p > setpoint 1
<SP2>	lit solid green blinking green off	p ≤ setpoint 2 waiting for setpoint 2 input p > setpoint 2

5.2 Zeroing the Gauge

The gauge is factory calibrated while "standing upright" (→ "Calibration Test Report").



We recommend performing a zero adjustment, when the gauge is operated for the first time.

Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur and zero adjustment may become necessary.

For adjusting the zero, operate the gauge under the same constant ambient conditions and in the same mounting orientation as normally.

The output signal (measurement signal) is depending on the mounting orientation. The signal difference between the vertical and horizontal mounting orientation is:

FS	$\Delta U / 90^\circ$
1000 Torr/mbar	≈2 mV
100 Torr/mbar	≈10 mV
10 Torr/mbar	≈50 mV
1 Torr/mbar	≈300 mV
0.1 Torr/mbar	≈1.8 V



If the gauge is operated via a controller, the zero of the whole measuring system has to be adjusted on the controller:

- First, adjust the zero of the gauge and then, the zero of the controller.

5.2.1 <ZERO> Adjustment

The zero can be adjusted via

- the <ZERO> button on the gauge
- the diagnostic port
- the EtherCAT interface
- the digital input "Remote Zero": Apply the supply voltage to pin 10 (pulse >1 s ... <5 s)
- the RS232C interface
- an INFICON Vacuum Gauge Controller (VGC series)



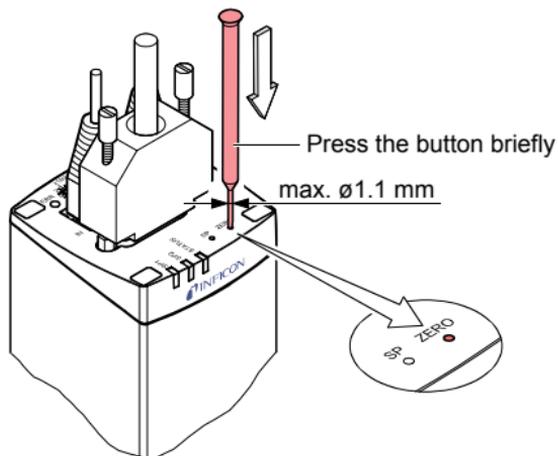
While the gauge is under atmospheric pressure, the zeroing function is locked in order for operating errors to be prevented.

- 1 Evacuate the gauge to a pressure according to the table below:

FS	Recommended final pressure for zero adjustment		
	[Torr]	[Pa]	[mbar]
1100 mbar	–	$<7 \times 10^0$	$<7 \times 10^{-2}$
1000 Torr	$<5 \times 10^{-2}$	$<7 \times 10^0$	–
500 Torr	$<2.5 \times 10^{-2}$	$<3 \times 10^0$	$<3 \times 10^{-2}$
200 Torr/mbar	$<1 \times 10^{-2}$	$<1 \times 10^0$	$<1 \times 10^{-2}$
100 Torr/mbar	$<5 \times 10^{-3}$	$<7 \times 10^{-1}$	$<7 \times 10^{-3}$
50 Torr/mbar	$<2.5 \times 10^{-3}$	$<3 \times 10^{-1}$	$<3 \times 10^{-3}$
20 Torr/mbar	$<1 \times 10^{-3}$	$<1 \times 10^{-1}$	$<1 \times 10^{-3}$
10 Torr/mbar	$<5 \times 10^{-4}$	$<7 \times 10^{-2}$	$<7 \times 10^{-4}$
5 Torr/mbar	$<2.5 \times 10^{-4}$	$<3 \times 10^{-2}$	$<3 \times 10^{-4}$
2 Torr/mbar	$<1 \times 10^{-4}$	$<1 \times 10^{-2}$	$<1 \times 10^{-4}$
1 Torr/mbar	$<5 \times 10^{-5}$	$<7 \times 10^{-3}$	$<7 \times 10^{-5}$
0.5 Torr/mbar	$<2.5 \times 10^{-5}$	$<3 \times 10^{-3}$	$<3 \times 10^{-5}$
0.25 Torr/mbar	$<1 \times 10^{-5}$	$<1 \times 10^{-3}$	$<1 \times 10^{-5}$
0.1 Torr/mbar	$<5 \times 10^{-6}$	$<7 \times 10^{-4}$	$<7 \times 10^{-6}$

If the final pressure is too high for zero adjustment (>25% of the FS), the zero cannot be reached and the <STATUS> LED blinks green. If this is the case, activate the factory setting and adjust the zero again (→ 31).

- 2 Operate the gauge for at least 2 hours under constant ambient conditions (until the signal is stable).
- 3 Briefly press the <ZERO> button with a pin (max. $\varnothing 1.1$ mm), or ...



... apply supply voltage to Remote Zero at pin 10 (pulse >1 s ... <5 s).

The zero adjustment runs automatically. The <STATUS> indicator flashes until the adjustment (duration ≤ 8 s) is completed.



After zero adjustment, the gauge automatically returns to the measurement mode.

The <STATUS> LED blinks green if

- the signal output is negative (< -20 mV) when the final pressure has been attained
- the zero adjustment has failed.

5.2.2 <ZERO> Adjustment with Ramp Function

The ramp function allows to adjust the zero at a known reference pressure within the measurement range of the gauge.

It also permits to adjust an offset of the characteristic curve in order to

- compensate for the offset of the measuring system or
- obtain a slightly positive zero for a 0 ... 10 V AD converter.

The offset should not exceed 2% of the FS (+200 mV). At a higher positive offset, the upper limit of the measurement range is exceeded.

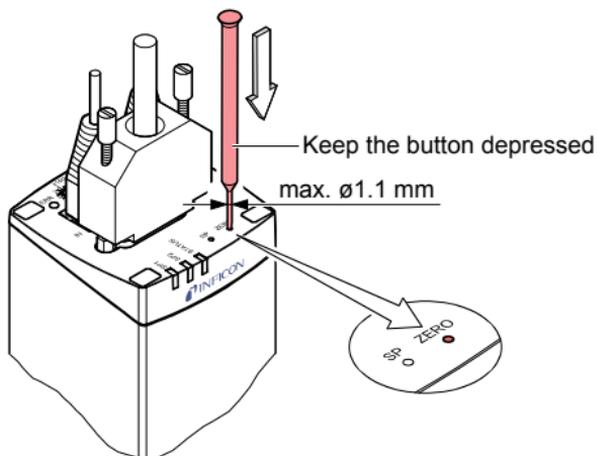
Zero adjustment using the ramp function can be performed via:

- the <ZERO> button on the gauge
- the diagnostic port
- the EtherCAT interface
- the RS232C interface



Recommended procedure for adjusting the offset of a measuring system: Notice → 23.

- 1 Operate the gauge for at least 2 hours under constant ambient conditions (until the signal is stable).
- 2 Push the <ZERO> button with a pin (max. $\varnothing 1.1$ mm) and keep it depressed. The <STATUS> LED starts blinking. After 5 s, the zero adjustment value, starting at the current output value, keeps continually changing (ramp) until the button is released or until the setting limit (max. 25% FS) is reached. The corresponding output signal is delayed by about 1 s.



- Change of direction (inverse ramp): Release the button. Press and keep it depressed again within 3...5 s (the flashing frequency of the <STATUS> indicator changes briefly).
- Fine adjustment of the zero adjustment value: Release the button. Briefly press it again within 3 s. The value changes by one unit (push <ZERO> button in intervals of 1 s).



If the <ZERO> button is released for more than 5 s, the gauge returns to the measurement mode.

The <STATUS> LED blinks green if the signal output is negative (< -20 mV).

5.3 Switching Functions

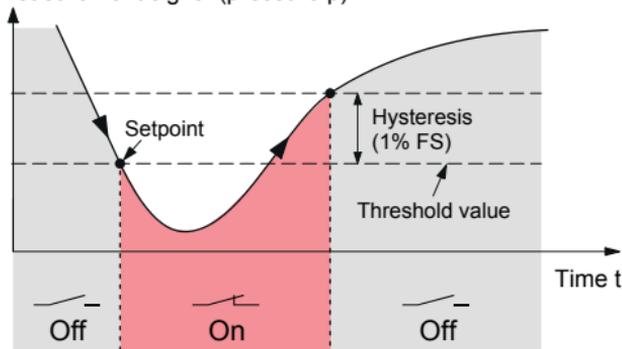
The two setpoints can be set to any pressure within the measurement range of the gauge.

The current setpoint setting

- can be read/written via the diagnostic port
- is output at the D-sub connector instead of the measurement signal and can be measured with a voltmeter after the <SP> button is pressed
- can be read/written via the EtherCAT interface
- can be read/written via the RS232C interface.

If the pressure in the vacuum system is lower than the setpoint, the corresponding LED (<SP1> or <SP2>) is lit solid and the corresponding relay is energized.

Measurement signal (pressure p)



5.3.1 Adjusting the Setpoints

The setpoints can be adjusted via:

- the buttons on the gauge
- the diagnostic port
- the EtherCAT interface
- the RS232C interface

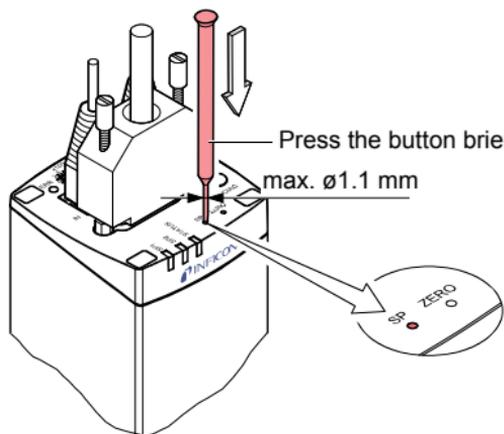
**DANGER****Malfunction**

If processes are controlled via the signal output, keep in mind that by pushing the <SP> button the measurement signal is suppressed and the corresponding threshold value is output instead. This can cause malfunctions.

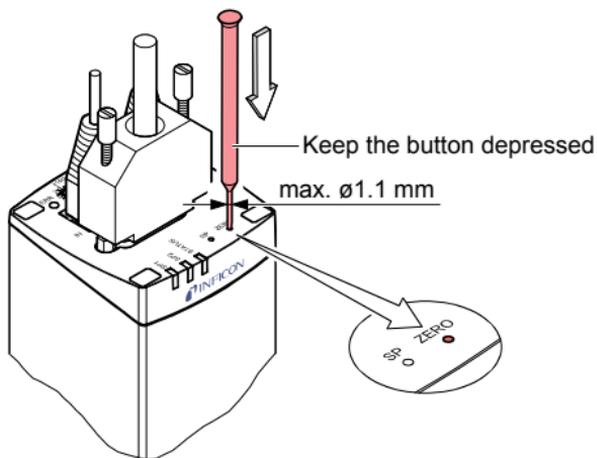
- Push the <SP> button only if you are sure that no malfunction will cause.

Adjusting Setpoint <SP1>

- 1 Push the <SP> button with a pin (max. $\varnothing 1.1$ mm). The gauge changes to the switching function mode and outputs the current threshold value at the measurement signal output for about 10 s (LED <SP1> blinks).



- 2 For changing the threshold value, push the <ZERO> button and keep it depressed. The threshold keeps changing from the current value (ramp) until the button is released or until the limit of the setting range is reached.



- Change of direction (inverse ramp): Release the button. Press and keep it depressed again within 3...5 s (the flashing frequency of the <STATUS> indicator changes briefly).
- Fine adjustment of the zero adjustment value: Release the button. Briefly press it again within 3 s. The value changes by one unit (push <ZERO> button in intervals of 1 s).



If the <ZERO> button is released for more than 5 s, the gauge returns to the measurement mode.



The upper threshold is automatically set 1% FS above the lower one (hysteresis).

Adjusting Setpoint <SP2>

Push the <SP> button twice (the LED <SP2> blinks). The adjustment procedure is the same as for setpoint <SP1>.

5.4 Activating the Factory Setting (Factory Reset)

All user defined parameters (e.g. zero, filter) are restored to their default values.



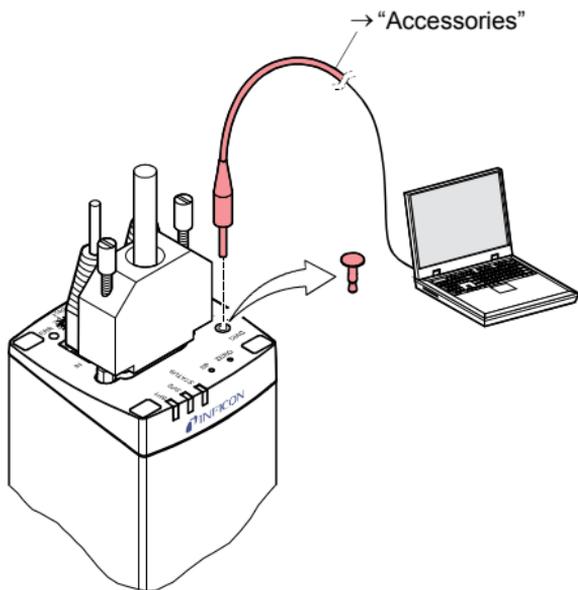
Loading of the default parameters is irreversible.

Loading the default parameters:

- 1 Put the gauge out of operation.
- 2 Keep the <ZERO> button depressed for at least 5 s while the gauge is being put into operation (Power ON).

5.5 Diagnostic Port (RS232C Interface)

The diagnostic port <DIAG> permits to output the pressure reading and all status information and to enter all settings at the same time (tira49d1).



5.6 EtherCAT Operation



Caution

Data transmission errors

Any attempt to simultaneously operate the gauge via the RS232C serial interface and EtherCAT interface may result in incorrect data and data transmission errors.

- Therefore, it is inadmissible to simultaneously operate the gauge via the RS232C serial interface and EtherCAT interface.

For operating the gauge via EtherCAT, prior installation of the device specific ESI file is required on the bus master side. This file can be downloaded from our website (www.inficon.com).

Explicit Device Address Setting (default 00_{hex})

During device initialization, the device address switches are read by the device firmware (default 00_{hex}). This device address is supported to the master as Explicit Device Identification.



The explicit device address is set in hexadecimal form (00 ... FFF_{hex}) via the <x100>, <x10> and <x1> switches.

Example: Device address = 0xDDD (dec 3549):

0x100 * 0xD (dec 3328) + 0x10 * 0xD (dec 208) + 0x1 * 0xD (dec 13)



Status LED

LEDs on the gauge inform on the gauge status and the current EtherCAT status (→  [6], →  [7]).

6 Deinstallation



WARNING

Fragile components

The ceramic sensor may be damaged by impacts.

- Do not drop the product and prevent shocks and impacts.



DANGER

Contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

- Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.



Caution

Vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

- When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

**Caution**

Dirt sensitive area

Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

- Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.

- 1 Vent the vacuum system.
- 2 Put the gauge out of operation and disconnect the sensor cable.
- 3 Unfasten the lock screws and disconnect the sensor cable and the EtherCAT cables.
- 4 Remove the gauge from the vacuum system and install the protective lid.

7 Maintenance, Repair

Under clean operating conditions, the product requires no maintenance.



Gauge failures due to contamination are not covered by the warranty.

- We recommend checking the zero at regular intervals.

INFICON assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if any repair work is carried out by the end-user or third parties.

8 Returning the Product



WARNING

Forwarding contaminated products

Contaminated products (e.g. radioactive, toxic, caustic or biological hazard) can be detrimental to health and environment.

- Products returned should preferably be free of harmful substances. Adhere to the forwarding regulations of all involved countries and forwarding companies. Enclose a duly completed declaration of contamination (form under www.inficon.com).

Products that are not clearly declared as "free of harmful substances" are decontaminated at the expense of the customer.

Products not accompanied by a duly completed declaration of contamination are returned to the sender at his own expense.

9 Disposal



DANGER

Contaminated parts

Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.

- Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

**WARNING**

Substances detrimental to the environment
Products or parts thereof (mechanical and electric components, operating fluids etc.) can be detrimental to the environment.

- Dispose of such substances in accordance with the relevant local regulations.

Separating the components

After disassembling the product, separate its components according to the following criteria:

- Contaminated components
Contaminated components (radioactive, toxic, caustic or biological hazard etc.) must be decontaminated in accordance with the relevant national regulations, separated according to their materials, and disposed of.
- Other components
Such components must be separated according to their materials and recycled.

10 Accessories

	Ordering No.
Diagnostic cable RS232C; 9p-Dsub - phone jack 2.5 mm (2 m) ⁷⁾	303-333
Diagnostic cable RS232C; USB-A - phone jack 2.5 mm (1.8 m) ⁷⁾	303-366

⁷⁾ Diagnostic SW available upon request.

Further Information

-  [1] Operating Manual
Vacuum Gauge Controller VGC032
tinb02e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [2] Operating Manual
Single-Channel Controller VGC401
tinb01e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [3] Operating Manual
Two- & Three-Channel Measurement and Control Unit
VGC402, VGC403
tinb07e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [4] Operating Manual
Single-, Two- & Three-Channel Measurement and Control Unit
VGC501, VGC502, VGC503
tina96e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [5] Communication Protocol
RS232C Edge® CDG025D2
tira49e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [6] Communication Protocol
EtherCAT® Edge® CDG025D2 (ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0)
tira68e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

-  [7] Communication Protocol
EtherCAT® Edge® CDG025D2 (ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0)
tirb45e1
INFICON AG, LI-9496 Balzers, Liechtenstein

- 📖 [8] ETG.5003.1 S (R) V1.0.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 1: Common Device Profile (CDP)
- 📖 [9] ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.0.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 2080: Specific Device Profile (SDP): Vacuum Pressure Gauge
- 📖 [10] ETG.5003.1 S (R) V1.1.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 1: Common Device Profile (CDP)
- 📖 [11] ETG.5003.2080 S (R) V1.3.0: Semiconductor Device profile – Part 2080: Specific Device Profile (SDP): Vacuum Pressure Gauge

ETL Certification

RECOGNIZED
COMPONENT



Intertek
3103457

ETL LISTED

The product CDG025D2

- conforms to the UL Standard UL 61010-1
- is certified to the CAN/CSA Standard
CSA C22.2#61010-1-12

CE EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: INFICON AG, Alte Landstraße 6, LI-9496 Balzers

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Product: Edge® CDG025D2

The product of the declaration described above is in conformity with following Union harmonization legislation:

- 2014/30/EU, OJ L 96/79, 29.3.2014
(EMC Directive; Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility)
- 2011/65/EU, OJ L 174/88, 1.7.2011
(RoHS Directive; Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)

Harmonized and international/national standards and specifications:

- EN 61010-1:2010 + A1:2019 + A1:2019/AC:2019
(Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2013; Group 1, Class B
(EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

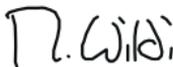
Signed for and on behalf of: INFICON AG, Alte Landstraße 6, LI-9496 Balzers

Balzers, 2024-10-31



William Opie
Managing Director

Balzers, 2024-10-31



Michael Wildi
Director Marketing



UKCA Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: INFICON AG, Alte Landstraße 6, LI-9496 Balzers

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Product: Edge® CDG025D2

The product of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant UK Statutory Instruments:

- S.I. 2016/1091, 11.2016
(Regulation relating to electromagnetic compatibility 2016)
- S.I. 2012/3032, 12.2012
(Regulation on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment 2012)

Harmonized and international/national standards and specifications:

- EN 61010-1:2010 + A1:2019 + A1:2019/AC:2019
(Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2013; Group 1, Class B
(EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

Signed for and on behalf of: INFICON AG, Alte Landstraße 6, LI-9496 Balzers

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Director Marketing

Notes

Notes



LI-9496 Balzers
Liechtenstein
Tel +423 / 388 3111
reachus@inficon.com
www.inficon.com

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